

# The Nebraska Democrat

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## AMERICA REJECTS POPE'S GREAT PEACE PROPOSAL

President Says We Cannot Treat with Kaiser; But with the People of the Central Powers.

### SAYS DEMOCRACY MUST PREVAIL

Washington, August 29.—President Wilson has rejected the pope's peace proposals.

In a note dispatched last night and made public here tonight, the president says that while every heart not blinded and hardened by the terrible war must be touched by the moving appeal of his holiness, it would be folly to take the path of peace he points out if it does not in fact lead to the goal he proposes.

To deal with such a power as the present rulers of Germany upon Pope Benedict's plan, declares the president, would involve a recaperation of the strength and renewal of the world domination of that power, now balked but not defeated, after sweeping a continent with the blood of innocent women and children and the helpless poor as well as of soldiers.

Permanent peace must be based upon the faith of all the peoples and upon justice and fairness and the common rights of mankind.

In part the reply said:

"The purposes of the United States in this war are known to the whole world—to every people to whom the truth has been permitted to come. They do not need to be stated again. We seek no material advantage of any kind. We believe that the intolerable wrongs done in this war by the furious and brutal power of the imperial German government ought to be repaired, but not at the expense of the sovereignty of the people—rather a vindication of the sovereignty both of those that are weak and those that are strong. Punitive damages, the dismemberment of empires, the establishment of selfish and exclusive economic leagues, we deem inexpedient and in the end worse than futile, no proper basis for a peace of any kind, least of all for an enduring peace. That must be based upon justice and fairness and the common rights of mankind. Cannot rely on Germany."

"We cannot take the word of the present rulers of Germany as a guarantee of anything that is to endure, unless explicitly supported by such conclusive evidence of the will and purpose of the German people themselves as the other peoples of the world would be justified in accepting. Without such guarantees, treaties of settlement, agreements for disarmament, covenants to set up arbitration in the place of force, territorial adjustments, reconstitutions of small nations, if made with the German government, no man, no nation could now depend on. We must await some new evidence of the purposes of the great peoples of the central powers. God grant it may be given soon and in a way to restore the confidence of all peoples everywhere in the faith of nations and the possibility of covenanted peace."

## FIRST NATIONAL BANK MAKING IMPROVEMENTS

The work of remodeling the interior of the First National Bank has reached a stage where it is necessary for them to transact their daily business elsewhere, and they have leased the room west of the Mildner grocery on second street, and are serving their patrons there, using their regular vaults and safes for keeping papers and cash nights. Putting banking fixtures into the room they occupy adds much to appearances there and they say it is really much better arrangements than they expected.

The exterior changes under the supervision of contractor Relyea are practically finished, and the front presents a very much changed appearance which is not at all displeasing; but the change was not primarily made for appearance but that the interior could be remodeled for more work room, and greater convenience and better light for their work. This work is now under way.

### REMOVAL NOTICE!

The First National Bank is temporarily in the room west of the Mildner grocery on second street, while their building is being remodeled. They are prepared to serve their patrons as usual.

Miss Clara Stallsmith went to Omaha for a visit this morning.

## WAYNE STOCK BREEDERS PREPARE FOR BOOSTER TRIP

At the meeting of the members of the Wayne County Pure Bred Breeders Association at the City Hall last Saturday the time was mostly spent in perfecting arrangements for their first booster trip, the object being to lead a procession of automobiles—as many as can possibly go of farmers, business and professional men to the farm homes of many of the members of the organization and let the dear people see what they have and how they keep it growing. It is to be a sort of fair show, with the people going to see the stock in their homes rather than have the stock gathered at fair grounds for inspection. Perhaps the time may come when the order of the show will reverse, and the stock may be brought to a county fair. All who aspire to literary efforts are given an incentive to make the trip, for a prize of \$5 is to be given for the best write-up of the trip, no one barred from competing. The date has been set for Thursday, September 27th, and the start is to be made early, and while the route is not fully made up, it will include a visit to from 12 to 13 farms of the members. A picnic dinner is to be taken, and at some appointed place all will spend an extra hour dining and visiting.

Another meeting of the association is to be held Saturday the 22nd, and at that time the full details of the trip will be completed. The committee in charge of the route will probably make report earlier than that date, that all may know and plan to take a part.

This association is gradually growing in numbers and it will be of much help to the breeders of the county both in buying and selling stock in years to come, because with it will come a publicity not otherwise possible.

### OLD SETTLERS' PICNIC

The annual picnic of the old settlers of this county at Winside last Thursday will pass into history as the best to date ever held by this organization, in spite of the fact that the president of the organization failed to arrive, owing to automobile trouble. The attendance was large and everything possible was done to make the occasion one of great credit to the citizens of Winside as royal entertainers. The report we had expected to receive of the meeting, like the president failed to arrive.

The talk by ex-governor Morehead was most appropriate and entertaining. The parade of the business men of Winside was much to their credit. The weather man behaved far better than at the previous meeting at Winside, but a late passenger train on that particular day kept many Wayne people from attending who were at the depot with that purpose—but who could not quite bring themselves to the idea that the pleasure would be worth the inconvenience of riding in a packed freight caboose—the many went that way, and report it worth while.

### STEELE FAMILY IN RE-UNION

Sunday was a very happy day at the home of Mrs. Caroline Steele, of this city, for on that day all of the children gathered beneath the home roof and about the family table; yet there was a touch of sadness and pride as well, for the homecoming was as a farewell to son and brother, James Steele, who was home on a short furlough from training camp at Fort Snelling. He was under orders to report at Camp Dodge, at Des Moines, early this week there to take a part in the training of the great American army now being put in shape to battle for universal democracy. Those present were Robert Steele and family from Allen, George Steele from Van Tassel, Wyoming, Ed Steele and family and Luther Steele from Sioux City, and the three sisters who reside at the home with mother. The day was spent in just visiting, and Monday and Tuesday goodbyes were said to Jim who left that day for camp, from which place he may be ordered across most any month. "Goodbye, take care of yourself, Jim."

### CIVIL SERVICE EXAMINATIONS

On September 8th at the Wayne post office, civil service examinations will be given to supply positions paying upwards of \$1000 a year salary in the government service. Also on September 8th, examinations will be given to supply vacancies as sub-clerks.

## RED CROSS LADIES DOING GREAT WORK

The Democrat reporter visited the Red Cross rooms Friday afternoon and visited with the ladies who were sewing on Red Cross supplies. They were making pajamas for hospital use that afternoon and have something planned for each Friday and Wednesday afternoon. There were young ladies there learning to knit and when they get to be able to do better work they will be given such articles as sweaters, wristlets and other things "our boys" will need. One lady told us of a lady refusing to help because "she had no relatives in the army." When the soldier boys go marching by, looking handsome in their olive drabs, is there a mother in the land whose heart is not filled with mother-love for the young man who goes cheerfully to give his life if need be, for "our country?" Then is he not "our" soldier boy? The writer has had relatives in every war this country has ever had and feels a personal interest in every one of the soldiers. May there be no slackers in this great Red Cross movement. It is a way for each one of us to do our bit, the fight that is on is "our" fight and the brave soldier laddies who are going to a foreign land are "our" boys. Don't forget.

The good ladies of Wayne have entered this Red Cross work in earnest and are working together in harmony. A great work is to be done and there is work for every one to do. Every lady in Wayne should attend the Wednesday and Saturday meetings. Give at least one afternoon a week to the cause.

The writer would suggest that an evening be set aside each week for a meeting to which the ladies who are employed in the day time could attend. The writer is only one of many who would gladly go and do a bit. The long evenings will soon be here and spare time could not be put in better than in this work.

Yesterday the writer again visited the Red Cross rooms and was surprised at the number of ladies working there, all intent on their work. They were sewing on shirts to be used by patients while in bed, also convalescent robes. They made pajamas last week and they expect to make three dozen of each of the garments. Interest in the knitting runs high and they have sweaters promised. The younger girls are working on wash cloths and their help is greatly appreciated.

There is so much work to be done in all lines of Red Cross work and each week will no doubt find many more ladies coming out to help. Many who are unable to attend have taken work to their homes.

As early as it is, preparations are being made for the soldiers' Christmas and boxes are being planned. Everyone will be interested in this. Remember that Wednesday and Saturday afternoons each week the ladies of Wayne are urged to come to the meetings and help in this great work.

### NEBRASKA HAS 29,833 MEMBERS OF THE RED CROSS

There are 3,500,000 enrolled members in the United States. Are YOU a member? If not, you still have an opportunity to do your bit.

### OFF FOR WAR WORK

Monday Waldo Hahn, who holds a lieutenant commission in the light artillery left for Sparta, Wisconsin, where he will work for a time with recruits at the training camp there, and he is hoping that their orders will soon come to cross the pond and get at the real business.

James Steele left Tuesday morning for Des Moines, Iowa, where he is assigned as a lieutenant in the national army, and where he will assist in training the recruits which will be sent out early next month for training.

Lieutenant Jay Baughan is also to report at Des Moines this week where he will aid in whipping the new national army into fighting shape.

Friday Paul Harrington left for Fort Snelling, where he enters the training camp to learn during the next three months to handle a company of men, according to military tactics. The day following, Herbert Welch followed, and both of these young men from Wayne are now engaged in the school from which officers are made for the coming move of troops to the front.

### SOLDIERS AT DEMING

Word comes that the Wayne soldier boys in Co. E are safely quartered at Camp Cody, along with other members of the Nebraska Fourth.

## ANNUAL MEETING OF CEMETERY ASSOCIATION

We have printed below the minutes of the annual meeting of the Greenwood Cemetery association, and the financial standing of the association was a source of satisfaction to the members and to all interested.

The association was organized in 1884 with the following members: Geo. H. Schnur, B. E. Taylor, J. S. Hake, D. M. Hancock, H. A. Moore, J. D. Slater, W. O. Gamble, W. A. Love, R. B. Crawford, W. L. Harris, John P. Gaertner, J. A. Lindly, I. N. Flickinger, T. J. Steele, Paul Englisch, Luther Reed, M. S. Davies, E. R. Chace, J. T. Bressler, James Britton, F. M. Strickland, Henry Ley, D. C. Patterson, and Anton Kleuver. Each member gave \$10 to the original cemetery fund and ten acres of land was purchased for the \$250 thus donated. Just recently ten acres were added to the original plot, the consideration being \$150 per acre. The money for the sale of lots was put on interest and the interest has been used for upkeep of the cemetery. The sum of \$20 is asked for perpetual care of individual lots or the sum of \$1 per year. This plan has kept a caretaker in constant charge summer and winter and the cemetery is always in splendid shape. The people who have loved ones resting there surely owe a great debt of gratitude to the men who have given their time all these years to care for the cemetery. M. S. Davies has been their efficient secretary from the beginning of the association and it was thru his kindness our reporter looked over the books.

Following is the report:

The annual meeting of the Cemetery Association was held at the office of A. R. Davis, August 21, 1917. Motion made that C. A. Chace be chairman pro tem. of the meeting.

Motion carried. The office of one trustee, treasurer and secretary having expired, the following persons were elected by ballot to fill the vacancies: A. R. Davis, trustee for the term of five years; Rollie W. Ley, treasurer for the term of one year; M. S. Davies, secretary for the term of one year.

### Treasurer's report is as follows:

General fund  
Bal. on hand Aug. 15, 1916. \$ 353.99  
Received from secretary . . . 2639.50

Total . . . . . \$2993.49  
Paid out as per vouchers . . 2527.65

Bal. on hand Aug. 21, 1917. . 465.84

Lot Owners Fund  
Bal. on hand Aug. 15, 1916. \$ 315.20  
Received from secretary . . 411.00

Total . . . . . \$ 726.20  
Paid out as per vouchers . . 400.00

Bal. on hand Aug. 21, 1917. \$ 326.20

Respectfully submitted,  
ROLLIE W. LEY,  
Treasurer.

The following notes are held in the lot owners fund:

Note dated March 1, 1913,  
due March 1, 1918, 6% . . . \$2000.00

Note dated Nov. 1, 1915, due  
Nov. 1, 1920, 6% . . . . . 600.00

Note dated Feb. 16, 1916, due  
Nov. 1, 1920, 6% . . . . . 400.00

The following notes are held in the general fund:

Note dated Feb. 12, 1914, due  
Feb. 12, 1919, 6% . . . . . \$ 560.00

Note dated Jan. 19, 1916, due  
Nov. 1, 1920, 6% . . . . . 1000.00

Note dated Dec. 1, 1914, due  
Dec. 1, 1919, 6% . . . . . 1000.00

Note dated Feb. 16, 1916, due  
Nov. 1, 1918, 6% . . . . . 400.00

Note dated Feb. 16, 1916, due  
Nov. 1, 1919, 6% . . . . . 400.00

Note dated Jan. 19, 1916, due  
Nov. 1, 1919, 6% . . . . . 800.00

Motion made that the report be approved as read. Motion carried.

The above reports approved by the auditing committee.

F. G. PHILLO,  
T. W. MORAN.

### HOSPITAL NEWS

Miss Ethel Fox underwent an operation for a ruptured appendix the first of the week, and is reported to be doing very nicely.

### C. CLASEN'S SPEECH IS A LITTLE SLOW

and thick, for he had his tonsils removed Saturday. Only a few other minor cases are reported.

### SOLDIERS AT DEMING

Word comes that the Wayne soldier boys in Co. E are safely quartered at Camp Cody, along with other members of the Nebraska Fourth.

## WAYNE COUNTY WOMEN REGISTRATION BOARDS

From Mrs. J. G. W. Lewis, who has been assigned the duty of naming the precinct registration boards for this county at the Women's registration, we have received a partial list of the officials. In several precincts but one name is given, that of the chairwoman, and it is her duty to appoint those who are to assist her, but all reports are not yet in, and in other precincts acceptance of the duty asked has not yet been received, but next week it is thought that we can give the complete list.

### Wayne, First Ward

Mrs. C. A. Chace  
Mr. A. M. Jacobs  
Mr. J. C. Cherry

### Wayne, Second Ward

Mrs. E. E. Lackey  
Mrs. Crossland  
Mrs. A. R. Davis

### Wayne, Third Ward

Mrs. F. S. Berry  
Mrs. Phil Kohl

Mrs. J. G. Mines  
Mr. M. S. Davies

### Brenna Precinct

Mrs. A. C. Dean  
Mr. A. C. Dean

Mrs. Art Auker  
Mr. Art Auker

### Strahan Precinct

Mrs. Harvey Miner  
Hunter Precinct

Mrs. Ella Laughlin  
Wilbur Precinct

Mrs. Wm. Beutow  
Leslie Precinct

Mr. David Herner  
Mrs. Orval Puckett

Mrs. George Buskirk, Jr.  
Deer Creek Precinct

Mrs. F. E. Francis  
Sherman, Garfield, Hoskins, Hancock, Logan, and Plum Creek not heard from.

Town of Wayne is not quite complete. There will be at least one more registrar in each ward.

## OPENING OF NORMAL TRAINING SCHOOL

For the coming year we aim to enroll twelve pupils in each of the grades from the kindergarten on thru to the tenth grade inclusive. Monday morning, September 3 is the time set for pupils to enroll. The enrollment begins at 9 o'clock in the Junior High school room, second floor of Training school building. All pupils who wish to attend the Training School should report at this time. The regular class work will not begin until a week later, September 10.

The tuition thruout the school is free to all pupils in this part of the state. We should be pleased to register any of the graduates from the eighth or ninth grades in rural schools. Remember the dates: Registration, day, September 3rd; beginning of class work, September 10th.

H. H. HAHN,  
Superintendent of Training School.

### NOTICE! The Pear and Peach

bold-face locals which appear without signature on page two should have been signed by ORR & ORR.

## FINAL REPORT OF THE LOCAL EXEMPTION BOARD

Below we give the last list of names reported by the local exemption board, which completes the Wayne county quota in the first draft unless it happen that many are granted exemptions by the district board or are turned down on account of physical condition. Last week the paper published all of those finally passed upon prior to the time of going to press.

### Not Granted Exemption or Discharged

William James Dalton, Carroll  
Ernest M. Larsen, Carroll  
George H. Otte, Wayne  
Fred William Franzen, Winside  
Jesse Jones, Wisner  
Charles Wilbur Foster, Wayne  
Frank Otto Krause, Winside  
Emil Harry Lund, Wakefield  
Earnest Lloyd Prince, Winside  
James Andrew Parker, Winside  
William Quashneff, Wayne  
Lloyd C. Gildersleeve, Wayne  
J. Fred Olson, Wakefield  
Thomas Swanson, Winside  
Frank Henry Thielmann, Wayne  
Carl William Sund, Jr., Wayne  
Guy Harold Dilts, Wakefield  
Harris S. Sorensen, Wayne  
Edward Thomas James, Winside  
Lester George Fogle, Hoskins  
Granted Exemption or Discharged  
Marvin Joseph Masten, Wayne  
Frank S. Davis, Carroll  
Trua Clayburn Duncan, Wayne  
Walter Scott Bressler, Wayne  
Herman Bernhard Siens, Wayne  
Rudolf Henry Schade, Wayne  
Francis Fillmore Fish, Winside  
Hans Peter Hansen, Carroll  
Jesse Edwin Syllanus, Carroll  
Albert E. Burgess, Carroll  
Edward Harrison Dotson, Winside  
Emil W. F. Baler, Wayne  
Rudolph Lewis Will, Wayne

### CARL ENGIERT PROSPERING

Emil Hansen and Ben Nissen returned last week from a trip to Cheyenne county where they visited a

number of former Wayne county citizens who have transplanted themselves to farms in that county, and they report that all appear to be happy and prosperous. Carl Engiert sent his regards to Wayne people.

Mr. Hansen tells us that Mr. Engiert was busy with 400 acres of wheat on his place. He had threshed the crop from 40 acres and it went 30 bushels to the acre, and he estimates the other nine forties at 40 bushels to the acre, which will make some wheat.

Lou Chichester is harvesting with two binders behind a tractor. Morris Gamble is the engineer and Mr. C. and Art Larson each ride a harvester, and they are cutting 50 acres a day, and have about 550 acres between them. Mr. Nissen has land there, and Mr. Hansen said he did not go to buy, but to visit, as he has land enough—trouble enough as he expressed it. He says that he noticed one thing true there as elsewhere, the men who farm good are getting good crops, and those who "hog it in" are not getting the good crops—some not getting over 11 bushels to the acre.

L. M. Owen is preparing to make added improvements to the Griggsley farm which he recently purchased.

## JONES' Bookstore

### SCHOOL SUPPLIES FOR 1917-1918

Our line contains many specials made to order.

### Tablets, Loose Leaf Books

### Supplies from the Leading Manufacturers

We have tried to avoid the poorer grades of papers now prevalent in the market.

Everything for the Student, Teacher, and as well for the school room.

### BLACKBOARDS - DICTIONARIES

### Every School Should Have a Victrola

Nothing can be more educational than the special school records. Price \$25; \$50; and the special \$67.50 school Victrola. Make the School room attractive and up-to-date. A special program will be a good start. You can get it now and pay later.

### Music Dept. - Jones' Bookstore

## WHAT THE FOOD PRODUCTION ACT PROVIDES

Eleven million three hundred and forty-six thousand four hundred dollars to be used in stimulating production, for protecting and conserving foods, and for a survey of the country's food resources.

Staff of county agents to be increased until at least one agent will be stationed in practically every agricultural county in the United States that will cooperate with the department and the State agricultural college.

Women county agents for demonstration work in home economics to be increased in rural counties and similar agents to be placed in towns and cities for the first time.

Farm-help service to be extended in co-operation with United States department of Labor to assist in bringing farmers and farm laborers together.

Country wide survey to be made of food on farms, in storage, in shops, and in homes. Estimates of family consumption of food to be made.

Extension of crop estimating to crops not hitherto reported and to include special inquiries to gather information on extraordinary farm conditions.

Hog and poultry production to be stimulated as far as practicable.

Increased production and conservation of dairy foods to be encouraged.

Animal diseases to be combated on a larger scale. Increased efforts to be made to combat insect pests of plants and animals.

Further steps to be taken to destroy animal pests and predatory animals which injure crops and kill live stock.

Work for the control of plant diseases to be extended.

Survey of seed supplies and needs to be made and results published so that farmers will be assisted in obtaining a sufficient supply of good seed. Seed to be purchased and sold to farmers by the department if necessary in restricted areas.

Demonstrations to be carried out in proper handling, packing, shipping and marketing of perishable fruits and vegetables to decrease spoilage.

News service for various farm products to be extended so that producers and consumers can be better informed as to the supply and demand and can sell and buy with less expense, less spoilage, and less lost motion.

### PLANS FOR REGISTRATION OF WOMEN WELL ORGANIZED

Plans for registration of women in Nebraska on September 12th are well organized. The movement is a national one, but each state committee on registration is charged with the execution of its own plan. The state committee delegates the work to the county chairmen of registration; the county chairmen in turn delegate the work to the committee on registration or to registrars in the cities, towns, villages and rural communities. Each county, therefore, works as a unit. It will be interesting to make a sociological study of the proportionate numbers registering in the different counties. Some conclusions may be drawn as to the significance of nationality, religious affiliation, comparisons between cities and rural districts, kinds of service offered, indicating the class of women most responsive to such a call.

Final summaries of this registration will be reported to the government. The women of Nebraska have this opportunity of placing themselves at the head of the list for percentage of registrations. Let one hundred per cent be our goal.

**Great Variety of Services Needed.**  
The 300,000 women eligible to register in Nebraska on September 12, represent women of different nationalities, women of different experiences, training and abilities. But the variety of qualifications they possess is no greater than the variety of work which needs to be done.

You may give service to your country effectively, without leaving your own home and your duties there. Look over the registration card and you will see that there are one hundred and fifty-four different kinds of service listed and twelve definitely named objects of contribution. The chief types of service are as follows: agriculture, civitan, domestic, industrial, professional, public service, social service, miscellaneous and contributions. Trained and untrained helpers are needed in all these branches. Some services will be paid for;

others will be volunteer, and still others will be done for expense money only.

It is not necessary that you speak the English language. Register anyway. There is much you can do to aid your country in bringing this war to a successful and speedy conclusion.

Go to your precinct polling place on September 12 and tell your registrar what you can do, be it little or much. Help your country NOW.

**Registration of Women is Voluntary.**  
This registration is decidedly different from the registration of men which took place in our country on June 5th last.

Registration of women is voluntary. No one will compel you to register. Nothing will be done to you if you fail to register.

"Registration" simply means signing your name and address and stating what you can do, or will do, in the way of service for your country at this time. If you wish to be paid for your services, say so. Nothing will be done to you if it becomes impossible for you to render the service for which you pledge yourself. Your offer will be made in good faith and no legal obligation can be attached to your obligation.

**A Heart to Heart Talk.**  
Can you answer "yes" to the following questions:

Are you a woman over 18 years of age? Do you really love your country? Do you realize that your country is at war? Do you think there is ANYTHING you can do to help your country in this present crisis? Are you willing to write down on a card what you think you can do? Do you believe organized endeavors count for more than scattered efforts? If you can answer "yes" to the above questions, then do not fail to register on September 12th.

**RESIDENCE FOR SALE**  
An eight-room house, good lot; three blocks west of State Bank. Priced right and reasonable terms. Ask the Democrat office.—adv. 32-1f.

### The Risk of depositing money in any bank is very small; but why take any risk at all? The government requires a bond of security—why don't you?

**THE DEPOSITS IN**  
**State Bank of Wayne, Nebraska**

are protected and secured by the depositors' guarantee fund of the STATE.

You cannot afford to carry this risk yourself when the protection costs you nothing.

We will be glad to have you as one of our depositors.

**State Bank of Wayne**  
HENRY LEY, President. C. A. CHACE, Vice Pres.  
ROLIE W. LEY, Cashier. H. LUNDBERG, Ass't. Cashier.

of depositing money in any bank is very small; but why take any risk at all? The government requires a bond of security—why don't you?

## LOCAL AND PERSONAL

J. H. Leeder was a Sioux City visitor Monday.

Curtis Hess of Niobrara was a business visitor at Wayne Monday.

Mrs. C. H. Fisher went to Sioux City Monday for a short visit.

Miss Cora McClure went to Aurora Monday for a visit with friends.

Mrs. J. Irving and son of Bloomfield were Wayne visitors Tuesday.

Misses Ruth Nordstrom and Della Lindblad of Wausa were Wayne visitors Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. W. R. Ellis went to Omaha Tuesday morning for a visit of a few days.

Bonnie Moran went to Kearney Tuesday to spend some time with his sister, Mrs. A. C. Lanz.

Miss Hilda Bartels of Carroll and Miss Esther Carlson of Wausa were Wayne visitors Monday.

Mrs. J. M. Barrett went to Randolph Monday to visit a few days at the home of her daughter.

Mrs. August Hokamp of Arlington arrived Tuesday for a visit at the Wm. Krallman home near Wayne.

Mrs. Nan Wright was called to Galesburg, Illinois, Monday on account of the serious illness of a sister there.

Miss Elsie Beale of Presho, South Dakota, returned to her home Monday after a visit at the G. A. Lamberson home.

Miss Lois Gardner from Creighton, who was a guest of Mrs. S. J. Ickler while attending institute, returned home Saturday.

T. J. Murrill came last week from Burket to visit at the home of his son Ed at this place and among his old soldier friends.

Miss Maudie Grothe was a passenger to Dakota City Tuesday where she goes to visit Miss Margaret Bredenbaugh for a week.

Miss Madge Barnes arrived Monday for a visit at the I. D. Henderson home. Miss Barnes lives at Verdell and is a former Normal student.

Mr. and Mrs. W. L. Fisher are visiting at St. Charles, Iowa, and attending the Iowa state fair this week while on their way home from a visit in Ohio.

Geo. Smith and family from Herma returned home Monday after a visit at the home of his brother-in-law, Henry Rethwisch and family, near Carroll.

John Horn of Sholes and Wm. Wipperlung from Randolph left Monday to visit a son of the former in Moorcraft, Wyoming, and take a look at that country.

Misses Grace Nolan and Katherine Roskopf went to Crystal Lake Sunday to spend the day. Miss Nolan is from Scribner and has been the guest of Miss Roskopf several days.

Wm. Fleetwood went to Stuart last week to visit his daughter, Mrs. G. K. Johnson, and assist her in packing to move from that place to their new home at Sioux City, Iowa.

Mrs. Kiplinger has sold her residence on Pearl and 4th streets to Thomas Hughes and will give possession in about two months, after which Mrs. K. expects to be away for the winter.

Mrs. Gus Mattheis of Wisner was a Wayne visitor Monday evening. She went to Sioux City Tuesday in response to a telegram saying that her husband who is at the hospital there is not expected to live.

H. Westphalen of Manning, Iowa, came last week from Cheyenne county, where he has been visiting, to visit at the home of his nephew, Ed Hagemann, and with the nephews and other friends in the neighborhood.

Lyle Martin and wife of Sioux City son of Mr. and Mrs. Fred Martin, went thru Wayne Saturday evening enroute to Hot Springs, South Dakota, where he goes in the hope that a fortnight change will head off a siege of hay fever. He is firing on the Northwestern.

Seth Blain and August Anders of Creighton were Wayne visitors Monday. They drove to Randolph Sunday with the fickle reporter of the Creighton News and he left them for fairer company so the boys were compelled to come to Wayne and patronize the Northwestern to get to Creighton.

Mr. and Mrs. G. A. Wade returned Monday evening from a ten days visit with relatives near Colome, South Dakota. Mr. Wade went out in the car, and they made the home trip together by automobile. He says it would not be so far if there were less hills, but when one has to travel eight miles up and down—mostly up, to cover four miles as the birds fly, it makes one wish for the day of air travel, when one can stay above the ups and downs incident to getting into and out of the valley in which flows the Niobrara. Mrs. C. E. Conover returned with them to visit Wayne friends.

Frank Whitney went to Omaha last week for a few days.

Father Kearns was a business visitor at Norfolk Tuesday.

Miss Laura Isom of Winside was a business visitor at Wayne Monday.

Miss Martha Larson of Decatur was a business visitor at Wayne Monday.

Mrs. Wiggers of Wisner visited a short time Monday with Mrs. Wm. Goldsmith.

Miss Vern Anderson of Bassett visited over Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. C. L. Henderson.

Chas. Thompson went to Lyons county, Iowa, the first of the week on a short business trip.

Mrs. F. M. Fry of Norfolk who has been visiting her sister, Mrs. Will Otte left for her home Monday.

Ralph Hoskins returned from points in Missouri Saturday. He spent his vacation there working and visiting.

Mrs. W. H. Whitaker of Omaha arrived Tuesday for a visit with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Peter Coyle.

J. G. W. Lewis spent the greater part of the week visiting teachers' institutes in different counties nearby.

Mrs. and Mrs. E. H. Summers of Norfolk visited Sunday with Mrs. Summers' parents, Mr. and Mrs. H. A. Lyons.

Miss Berta Sleeper of Norfolk who has been visiting with Mrs. J. M. Barrett left for her home Sunday evening.

Miss Julia Carr returned to Hoskins Sunday after a visit with her uncle and aunt, Mr. and Mrs. H. E. Griggs.

Mrs. Claude Hudson of Roberts, Montana, who has been visiting friends at Wayne left for her western home Monday.

Mrs. Lydia Dickson of Omaha arrived Monday to visit her daughters, Mrs. Fred Blair and Mrs. Grace Keyser for a couple of weeks.

Mrs. Ward Williams and children of Carroll who have been visiting Mr. and Mrs. W. B. Hughes since Friday last returned to their home Tuesday.

Robert Skiles came home for Vayland, South Dakota, last week, on account of the illness of Mrs. Skiles. He tells us that his farm there is returning a good crop this year.

Will Taylor of Mitchell, South Dakota, has rented the Union Hotel and will take possession September 15th. He expects to make some needed improvements and will serve meals a la cafeteria.

Mrs. Perry Hughes of Fremont who has been visiting at the W. B. Hughes home went to Creighton Monday where she will visit Miss Grace Rafferty before returning to her home at Fremont.

Preparations are under way for Christmas already, and the ladies of the Aid Society of the English Lutheran church have selected December 15th as the date for holding their annual bazaar and food sale.—1.

Mr. and Mrs. Clarence Corbit and little daughter, accompanied by V. H. McChesney went to Des Moines Saturday to attend the state fair and visit relatives. They went by auto and will no doubt have a pleasant outing.

E. A. Surber went to Wessington, South Dakota, Tuesday to look after land interests. They are threshing on his farm and he was anxious to see how the grain is turning out.

Prof. E. Coleman of Sholes went to Sioux City on a business trip Tuesday.

Joe Erickson and family, who moved to a farm near Red Oak, Iowa, nearly three years ago, drove over last week to visit friends here, and paid the Democrat a visit. He reports that crops are splendid there so far as gathered, and that corn prospect is good. All will be glad to know that he is prospering; in fact it was conceded that he would, for he is a good farmer.

Tuesday morning the thermometer flirted with frost, some people claimed we had a slight frost but the thermometer registered 10 degrees above the freezing point at 6:00 a. m. However, word comes from the northern part of the state that frost was seen Tuesday morning. It is to be hoped that the corn was not damaged. Much of it is still in the milk and even a slight frost would damage it to a great extent. In Knox county the corn crop is very backward and an early frost will mean a great loss.

# MAXWELL

Most Miles per Gallon      Most Miles on Tires

How much is two dollars?

Two dollars aren't worth anything unless you buy something with them.

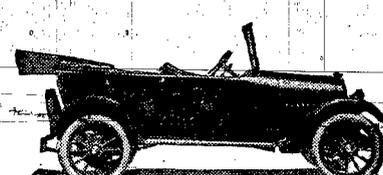
You couldn't eat two dollars if you were shipwrecked on a desert isle.

But two dollars are full of splendid possibilities, if you know how to spend them wisely.

For only two dollars a week you can operate a Maxwell automobile.

That means 1000 per cent. profit—in health and joy for you and yours.

We don't know of any investment half as good.



Touring Car \$745

Roadster \$745, Coupe \$1085, Berline \$1085, Sedan \$1085  
All prices f. o. b. Detroit

A. E. LAASE

Phone 395      Wayne, Nebr.

### IMPORTANT NOTICE!

The public library wishes to call to the attention of every citizen of Wayne and every man and woman who patronizes the library, a recently received book. This book is known as "The National Service Handbook." It is issued by the committee on Public Information, which committee is composed of the Secretary of state the secretary of war the secretary of the navy and George Creel.

Our president has said "It is not an army we must shape and train for war; it is a nation." The chairman of this committee on public information suggests that "Many in every community are anxious to serve and do not know what they can do, nor where to apply. Many, too, are seeking for a comprehensive description of the work of the nation at this time of crisis. For such as these this book is prepared." As our nation is preparing for war this means that you and I, as well as the boys who are going to the front, have a duty to perform. If you are anxious to perform this duty, and everyone ought to be, this book will show you the path of duty and just how you may help. In reviewing the subjects treated in this volume it appears to me that no possible question concerning which any American may wish information relating to this great crisis has been overlooked. Please make it your duty to call upon the librarian for this book and consult it often.

Dr. Blair.

**FOR SALE—Deere carriage cheap. Victor Carlson—adv. 34-1f.**

Watch for my jingles also for me! I hope you'll learn to love 'em. You'll surely see.

ZEDA

THE MODERN BROOM

Good friends of ours, here's Zeda Lee. We hope you'll learn to love her. For she's as sweet as sweet can be. And pure as clouds above her.

Our Favorite Daughter

Miss Zeda Lee, mascot, with a heart of gold and a good word for everybody! Zeda—the name of our most popular Modern Broom; Lee, the name of the largest and highest-rated independent broom manufacturing establishment in the universe; Zeda Lee, the easy-to-remember combination of both.

Ask your dealer to show you Zeda. The Modern Broom. Note its patented features, see for yourself why it outlasts two, three and sometimes four ordinary brooms.

LEE BROOM & DUSTER COMPANY  
Boston, Mass. Lincoln, Neb. Davenport, Iowa.

If your dealer can't supply you, write our Lincoln factory.

## Stop Those Leaks!

Does \$100.00 or \$200.00 even more slip from your pocketbook in the course of a year and nothing to show for it?

Stop those leaks with a BANK BOOK in the Savings Department of the

FIRST NATIONAL BANK

Oldest Bank in Wayne County      Wayne, Nebraska

CALL ON

## Wm. Piepenstock

FOR

HARNESS, SADDLES

and everything in the Horse Furnishing Line

We also carry a full line of Trunks Suit Cases and Traveling Bags

WHY WE ARE AT WAR  
 Louis F. Post, in the Public  
 Part II  
 (Continued from last week)

By the menacing extension of his battle line out upon the Atlantic Ocean toward the United States, and his claim to military sovereignty over the intervening waters, the German Kaiser challenged the United States to fight or fall back. He thereby claimed this area of the ocean as a Prussian lake. Had he won the European war he could have extended his claim to the whole ocean, unless we ourselves had subsequently broken the peace and made war upon him to recover what for the sake of peace with him we had unresistingly yielded at a more favorable time for defense. Had he lost the war, with what grace could we have claimed restoration by the victorious Allies of the ocean rights which during their war, we had yielded to their foe?

But our concern in the matter comes closer home than even that. When the Kaiser notified the government of the United States that after February 1, 1917, he would sink at sight American vessels entering the ocean area east of the 20th meridian, he declared war against the United States. When within that area he began sinking American ships at sight, as he had notified our government he would do, and killed American crews and passengers sailing on them under the American flag, he made war upon the United States. It was on his part, this war, a war of conquest, precisely the kind of war upon this country which he had made two and a half years earlier upon Belgium and France.

Before declaration of war and those acts of war, we had reason to fear the German government, reason for indignation, reason for resentment. We might have gone to war with no slight reasons, and that we did not was because our government was then, and still is, under an administration which does not reveal in thoughts of war, it abhors war. But when the German government advanced its invasive battle line out upon the open Atlantic in our direction, asserting its sovereignty there as it was asserting it in Belgium and northern France, and killing American citizens on American ships under the American flag upon waters where they had a good right to be as in their own cities, states or harbors, then a new element came into the case. Our Republic was invasively and defiantly put upon the defensive. The most pacific administration the United States has ever had could no longer keep us out of the war without putting us into national subjection to an alien power. The German government had then left no alternative to this government but war or surrender.



**Our Policy Toward Employees**

To the capable and loyal men and women in our employ we aim to pay good wages and offer permanent employment, reasonable working hours, fair treatment and an opportunity for advancement.

We endeavor to advance our employees who have proved their worth to higher positions as they are prepared for them.

We aim to pay such salaries to our officials as will not only attract and hold capable men, but which will encourage the younger people in the organization to work faithfully with these positions as their goal.

With hardly an exception, the officers and heads of departments of this Company have all advanced from the ranks.



away from the ocean area over which the German government thus asserted exclusive sovereignty. Their crews and passengers might have remained at home in obedience to the Kaiser's command. In obedience to that command our government might have ordered them to do so. But none of this would have been any sifter to our independence, any more in the interest of peace between this country and Germany, or any more reasonable on any count, than if the Kaiser had ordered us to stay off all ocean outside our own territorial waters, and we had obeyed.

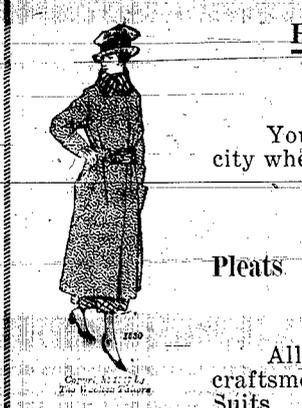
If the United States ought, in conscience or from policies of peace, to have yielded to the Kaiser's extension of the invasive battle line out upon the ocean to the 20th meridian in our direction, we should have had no reason in conscience or peace policy, for forcibly resisting its extension at the Kaiser's command to the 30th degree, nor to the 60th, nor even to the very three-mile limit off our own coast line. There is no argument in opposition to our war against the German Kaiser as a war of self defense, which would not be as reasonable if, in his lust of world conquest, he were immediately approaching our water frontiers across the ocean, as almost three years ago, obsessed with that lust, he approached the land frontiers of France across Belgium.

Of course, on principles of non-resistance the United States would not be justified in either case. Nor should one be hasty to deny that non-resistance is good strategy as well as good morals. It has sanctions that cannot be lightly ignored, and there are historical instances of its potency. At all events no high-minded person or noble-spirited people will countenance bullying denunciation or tolerate maltreatment of those among them who preach and practice non-resistance. The memory of Tolstoy forbids. But the policy of national non-resistance to wars of conquest is not yet a social factor. Still feeling its way forward, the world is unappreciative of any better defense to invasive war than defensive war. As one of the most idealistic and deservedly influential newspapers of our country and time has phrased the thought, "The world has not reached the place where might can be met with argument, or where the wrath of nations can be turned away with a soft answer." It is by the test of the social toe-mark of our own time that our war against the German invader must be tried; and by that test the war we wage is necessary war because it is a war of national self-defense.

That there are more ideal justifications has been intimated above. Our war is no less just than necessary as a war of self-defense; and it is just also because it is a war in defense of the peaceable democracies of the world. This justification, eloquently made by the President in his war proclamation, can not be too often repeated, nor too clearly apprehended. "We are now about to accept gauge of battle with this natural foe to liberty," said the President, "and shall, if necessary, spend the whole force of the nation to check and nullify his pretensions and its power. We are glad, now that we see the facts with no veil of false pretense about them, to fight thus for the ultimate peace of the world and for the liberation of its peoples; the German people included; for the rights of nations great and small, and the privilege of men everywhere to choose their way of life and obedience. The world must be made safe for democracy—an injury to one is the concern of all. Its peace must be planted upon the lasting foundations of political liberty. We have no selfish ends to serve. We desire no conquest, no dominion"—our war is not of the Prussianistic order. "We shall fight for the things which we have always carried nearest our hearts—for democracy, for the right of those who submit to authority to have a voice in their own governments, for the rights and liberties of small nations, for a universal dominion of right by such a concert of free peoples as shall bring peace and safety to all nations and make the world itself at last free."

Those are the ideals for which we are to struggle in the war. They are the ideals for which we are to stand in adjusting terms of peace when the war is over. And they are none the less genuine because in our war struggle in their behalf we temporarily suspend our own guaranties of individual liberty in order to make the war effective as our people would have it, instead of a failure as the war lords of Germany would like it to be. This is part of the necessary cost of all wars for democracy. Our Revolutionary war, with its democratic purpose and outcome, could not have been won by democratic methods. The French Revolution, with its democratic aspirations and its overthrow of an ancient feudalism, was it not sustained coercively? Our Civil War for a government of the people, for the people and by the people, was not prosecuted in very strict accordance with democratic forms of defense

**Home Dress-making**  
 Home-lovers who wish to become efficient as home dressmakers will find such help as our patterns and dress accessories such as to make their efforts productive of satisfaction. At this store you may find out "how to make it" and also "how much it will cost."



**Special Sale of Fancy Hose**  
 Our entire stock of Fancy Hose will be on sale SATURDAY at very low price.

50c values	39c
\$1.00 values	79c
\$1.15 values	79c

**The Orr & Orr Co.**  
 WAYNE

**Our Feature This Week**  
 The Latest in Coats and Suits

If you are looking seriously for worth-while values in the best of styles for this season you cannot pass by this showing of Coats and Suits.

**HERE ARE COATS FROM \$16.00 to \$65.00**  
**AND SUITS FROM \$22.50 to \$45.00**

You will find them the same styles that are being worn in any large city where good styles and good values must be offered.

**Style Features in the new Coats and Suits**  
 Pleats - Yokes - Belts - Patch Pockets - Convertable Collars  
 Straight Line Effects

All garments are tailored with all the nicety and skill of the best of craftsmen. May we not have the pleasure of showing you our Coats and Suits

**Are You Knitting**  
 At this store you will find the best of everything used in knitting whether for the Red Cross or something for yourself. Our yarns are all fast colors and the best grade obtainable. If you will come in we will be glad to help you in making your selections.

**Dress Gingham**  
 It is just the time to provide comfortable, washable, serviceable dresses for school wear. Our stock of gingham are priced very reasonable. Mothers will welcome this opportunity to select dress patterns for the girls or for themselves.

ence to democratic guaranties. It is not, however, with the higher ideals for which we are now at war that this discussion is especially concerned, except as they may be involved in the necessity for defending ourselves against an invading foe. Back of those ideals are the plain work-a-day facts to which the President referred as the moving cause of our going into the war, when he advised congress that "the recent course of the Imperial German government" had been "in fact nothing less than war against the government and the people of the United States."

On those facts, the congress of the United States, the only authority known to our fundamental law for such action, and thru the only process that would have been binding upon our government, accepted the war-challenge of the German Kaiser. No referendum could have had any legal force. Nor would it have had any probable advisory value. It would only have offered another opportunity for Prussian diplomacy. The obligation was upon congress; the only power to decide was in congress; the only available reflection of public opinion short of revolution was thru congress. And congress accepted this challenge of war. It did so in no private interest but in the public interest. It did so because the German government was making actual war upon the government and people of the United States.

The challenge was not accepted while it remained a "scrap of paper." But when this challenge of war was vitalized by deeds of war, when in accordance with its terms of defiance American ships were sunk and American lives were taken under the American flag by the government of Germany within an ocean area over which the rights of this country are as indefeasible as its rights to its own territory, but over which the German government had invasively assumed exclusive sovereignty, then congress accepted the challenge of war. It could not have done less. There was no possible alternative. This self-constituted enemy of ours, after long fostering a policy of conquest, had actually invaded Belgium and France pursuant to that policy, he had proved his invasive intent. By his actual invasion he had transmitted invasive intent into invasive action. By his diplomatic negotiations with Mexico and his operations within the United States, he had disclosed his invasive intent toward the United States itself as one of the objectives of his general policy. By throwing his invasive battle line out upon the ocean to the 20th meridian in the direction of the United States with a threat to the United States, he confirmed his hostile intent toward this country. His destruction of American ships and American lives under the American flag within that ocean area was the overt act of his aggressive war upon the United States. For us to have ignored the manifest intent after it had been vitalized by the

overt act, would have been to surrender our discretion. So the war with the autocratic German government, if it involved no ideals at all of the loftier and less selfish type, would nevertheless be justified as a necessary war of national self-defense.

We are resisting invasion as truly as if our call to arms had been to check a hostile army marching northward thru Mexico or southward from Quebec. And in sending soldiers to France to help the French, the British and the Belgians drive the invader away from their home countries and into his, we are defending our own home country with the same necessity as if we were advancing into Canada or Mexico to meet an approaching army of conquest. While the German Kaiser is in France or Belgium, he is a menace to the United States, now that he has demonstrated his hostile intent toward this country; and no peace can be made with safety to our independence until he has left the places he has invaded and gone back to his own frontiers.

It might possibly have been better to assent to his conquering the world, nation by nation, than to enter into the awful carnage which resistance to his "ambitious" demands; but that is not the vital question. We were not confronted with a problem of war or no war. Our problem was one of resisting conquest now, in a war, in Europe and with allies, or later on in our own country and without allies.

(The end)

**TO THE BOY DRAFTED**  
 Boy, don't be afraid of the draft. If your country did not need you to fight in its defense it would never honor your name with placing it in the list of men whom it expects to do their patriotic duty. There is only one way you can honorably escape the draft and that is by being legally and actually exempt or physically unfit. If you are physically unfit the slightest stain of dishonor can never smirch your name. If you are legally and actually exempt you will be as honored as the men who go for your country is keeping you to do the useful things you can do and thereby assist in winning the war fully as much as the man who goes to the front or into the trenches—and possibly more for without your help at home he could not be kept alive in a foreign country long enough to get into the battle. Remember that a lifetime of disgrace awaits the boy who shuns the draft, who whines because he has been selected, who rails at the government that asks him to be a man, and, if necessary, lay down his life in defense of his flag and his country. Better a thousand times die like a man than live like a coward. You have to die sometime anyway, so it is better to die for your country than to live in some other fellow's country, and that is just what you will be doing after this war unless the Uni-

ted States is victorious. The brand of cowardice will never be effaced in life from the boy who is not willing to go into the new army in this war. Even his grave will not cover his disgrace as long as this and the coming generation shall live. Be a true man, be a brave man, thank God for your citizenship in this great republic, fight for it and die for it, if need be, and you will die with honor to yourself and to your parents, while if you live thru it you will come back with honor and your country will never cease to be grateful to you and the other heroes who faced death that freedom might live. We are fighting this great war to the last dollar, to the last drop of blood, if it shall take that sacrifice, rather than submit to a foreign enemy in the human slavery he would put upon us. Go, and may God bless you and care for you and bring you back home to those who love you, a man—one who has faced death for his country—and in your ears will ring the huzzahs of a grateful people, white away from the light of day, out of the sound of the hisses of hate for his very presence, the coward who escaped the draft will sneak and sulk like a hunted animal, despised by all and pitied by none.—Manson (Iowa) Democrat.

**Buy Comfort Material Now**  
 Indications point to further advances in the prices of all materials used in making comforts. To emphasize our idea of what our service to the trade should consist, we offer a large stock of all kinds of comfort materials at prices based on the lower costs of several months ago.



**BORROWED IDEAS**  
 The polite way to quote without dashes an expression often heard is to say "This is War."  
 There is no longer use for the term German-American—make it AMERICAN or call it alien.  
 The fellow who bought his coal early to avoid the upward rush of prices and thus aided the coal combine to make hay while the sun was shining for them, may now begin to figure how much it cost him extra. The "iron hand of government" has been laid on the coal manipulator.

Pay your subscription today.

**Dr. T. B. Heckert**  
 Dentist  
 24 Years in Wayne

**Ford**  
 THE UNIVERSAL CAR

The Ford car was designed to serve the multitude and it is daily meeting the requirements of business and pleasure for owners in all parts of the world. As valuable for big business and professions as for the farmer and small merchant. Simplicity and ease of operation make it the ideal car for the family. Ford cars have become a general necessity. Runabout \$345, Touring car \$360, Sedan \$645, Coupelet \$505, Town Car \$595—all f. o. b. Detroit. On display and for sale by

**WAYNE MOTOR COMPANY**

THURSDAY, AUGUST 30, 1917 (Number 35)

GARDNER & WADE, Publishers

Subscription Rates One Year \$1.50 Six Months .75c

Entered at the post office at Wayne, Neb., as second class mail matter.

WAYNE MARKET REPORT

Following are the market prices quoted us up to the time of going to press Thursday: Corn \$1.60 Oats .47 Wheat 1.85 Eggs .32 Butter Fat .35 Hogs 16.25 Fat Cattle \$8.00 @ \$11.50

If Wayne paid more than \$10,000 for fire insurance in 1916, and the insurance combine has practically doubled the rate for this year, will we have more protection for more money, or more good money paid to the combine and less protection?

On another page is given the second and last bit of the article by Louis F. Post in the Public on "Why We Are at War" and we commend it to any who have any doubt in their mind as to the WHY Mr. Post makes it very plain that we are fighting a defensive war.

Senator LaFollette may be all right when it comes to putting up a fight in the senate to make the very rich and those profiting from the war contracts pay liberally toward the war—but he has so many German supporters in Wisconsin that he seems to have great sympathy for the Kaiser and his following.

Whoever drew the plans and specifications for the registration of the women of Nebraska was a diplomat—just one question is asked: "Are you 'Sweet Sixteen'?" No woman can fall to appreciate the delicacy of that question.

WAYNE BOWLING TEAM DEFEATS NORFOLK BOYS

The Wayne bowling team played the Norfolk team at that place Monday evening and brought home the honors by defeating Norfolk two out of three games.

Table with 2 columns: Wayne and Norfolk. Lists names of bowlers and scores for various games.

LOCAL AND PERSONAL

Wm. Plueger has a new auto truck for his farm.

Mrs. W. A. Clark went to Omaha for a short visit today.

Miss Maggie Davis of Carroll went to Sioux City today for a short visit.

Mrs. Stanley Huffman is here from Elgin visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. R. E. K. Meier.

H. A. Gable of Plainview has this week purchased a young Holstein bull from the V. L. Dayton herd.

Mr. and Mrs. F. S. Barry and son are visiting and looking after business at Omaha and Lincoln this week.

Miss Helen Blair was a passenger to Hastings this morning where she will teach in the city schools this year.

Mr. and Mrs. Clifford James of Shenandoah, Iowa, returned home today after a two weeks visit with Mr. and Mrs. James Gamble.

Lost—Ladies small purse with \$5 bill and 97c in change. Finder please notify Mrs. Geo. G. Sherbahn and receive reward. Phone 323.—adv.

Mrs. August Hokamp of Arlington who has been visiting at the Wm. Krallman home returned home today accompanied by Mrs. Krallman and children who will visit relatives at Arlington for some time.

G. W. Albert of Leigh, who purchased the L. M. Owen place, has been at that farm for a number of days past making improvements, and now has a new garage for his cars when he comes to stay.

Master Lyman Martin was trying to coax a Ford to wake up Tuesday morning and as a consequence he is carrying his arm in a sling. The critter kicked back and broke both bones in his right forearm.

All members of the S. E. Anker family save one gathered beneath the home roof at the farm east of town Sunday and passed a happy day. The two sons from Ponca, and the boys who farm near Wayne and Mrs. Merchant and families.

Richard Forbes went to Tintah, Michigan, last week to look after some land interests which himself and brother will have near that place it being threshing time there, when the renter wants the landlord to come and look after his share.

Lieutenant Jay T. Baughan, formerly of this place, who won his commission at Fort Snelling, spent a day or two last week with Wayne friends. Training has developed Baughan into a soldierly looking fellow, and all are glad to see him, if but for a short time.

Henry Soules who has been a messenger for the American Express on the Wakefield-Crofton branch was transferred to the main line of the Union Pacific and his run will be between Columbus and Spalding. He also has a very nice increase in salary.

Mr. and Mrs. Clyde Oman and daughters, Fern and Francis, returned last week from two months in Cheyenne country. They think it a very fine country, and Mr. Oman has returned to look after his interests there, but his wife and daughters remain at Wayne.

My stock of fall and winter coats are beginning to arrive, and you should see them before purchasing, and watch this paper next week for announcement of the great opening a little later. I will certainly have the largest and best assortment I have ever brought to Wayne. Mrs. Jeffries Ready to Wear store for Women.—adv.

50c DINNER AT THE GEM CAFE

Sunday September 2, 1917

Soup Ox Joint, a la Famont

Fish Fillet of Sole with Lobster sauce Potatoes, Pommes Sautes

Relish Queen Olives Kalamazoo Celery

Meats Boiled Leg of Mutton, sauce Kapon Roast Prime ribs of Beef, au jus Roast Leg of young Pig, with puree sweet potatoes.

Braised Pork Tenderloin, sauce genevoise. Deviled Roast Beef, Climax sauce. Eastern Top Sirloin sautee, sauce Robert.

Pork Chops sautee, sauce a la Colbert Veal Chops sautee, sauce Villeraie Lamb Chops sautee, Maienton Fried Spring Chicken, a la Pettiporix Cold Roast Beef with potato salad Cold Roast Pork with apple sauce Cold Tongue with sliced cucumbers Calif Brains a la Newburg

Vegetables Creamed Mashed Potatoes Corn on Cob Lettuce and Tomato salad

Dessert Green Apple Pie, American Cheese Boston Creme pudding, lemon glaze Tea Coffee Iced Tea Milk

You have your choice of this bill for only 50 cents. Come and give us a trial.

Miss Hattie Shulteis is visiting here a short time before going to Omaha where she teaches the coming year.

L. C. Cooldge and family are moving to the home vacated by John Meister, who is settled over Mrs. Jeffries store.

Viola, Winifred and Adeline Sparks went to Carroll Wednesday evening to visit at the home of Mr. and Mrs. George Dodson.

Mrs. M. A. Phillips, who has been spending the summer vacation in Minnesota, returned this morning and will resume her school work Monday.

A. G. Adams has moved the stock and fixtures of the Model Pharmacy to the W. B. Vail building opposite the Union Hotel, where he will resume business in a few days, the room he is vacating has been leased by W. A. Hiscox who is to move his stock there after the room is refitted for the hardware line.

Harry Fisher, while at Sioux City visited Nels Orcutt at the Samaritan hospital and reports that he is doing nicely, and is always greatly pleased to have a Wayne visitor call. His hip is yet in a cast and it is too early to know how it is doing, but no unfavorable symptoms develop so his friends feel that all is going well.

At the picture show Wednesday evening the manager put on a great picture, "The Show-Down." A crowd of house greeted the production and every one was pleased. A good laugh is a help in these trying times and everybody laughed at "The Show-Down." Tonight another good one is billed, "The Witchcraft," with Blanche Sweet in the leading role.

We are indebted to Drs. Lewis & Lewis for Davenport, Iowa, papers telling of the great convention being held by the Chiropractors of the world at that place this week. They report that nearly 3,000 practitioners of that faith have gathered, equaling in number nearly any national gathering of professional people. Later we may give a review of the work they are doing this week.

O. C. Lewis and Miss Florence Beckenhauer returned Saturday from a six week's vacation spent with Mr. Lewis' daughter at Gettysburg, South Dakota. The young lady had a splendid outing, and so did Mr. Lewis for he helped his son-in-law harvest more than 500 acres of small grain with binder and header, and had it ready for threshing when he left for home. He reports that wheat on land that was summer fallowed is good, that disked in last spring not so good. Corn is not promising much there this season, being the shortest crop prospect in several years. They have been practically without rain since in May, which made an ideal harvest season even if corn, gardens and potatoes did not do as well.

A FORD LIKE NEW FOR SALE Do not say that you cannot get a Ford car until you see me and mine. It is for sale, and is a car of proven value. First come, first served—get in line gets. Grant S. Mears, Phone Red 234.—adv. 34-1f

Miss Mae Hiscox goes to Madison for a visit today.

The latest in wedding invitations and announcements at this office.

Rev. and Mrs. Lloyd Cunningham and children came from Atkinson Monday evening, and stopped a time to visit at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Gildersleeve, and with her father, David Cunningham. Mr. and Mrs. Cunningham are moving from Atkinson to Ida Grove, Iowa, where he has accepted a call to preach. He and the boys go in by automobile to make the home ready for the others a little later.

Rev. Phillips of Pilger was called to Sioux City Wednesday to conduct the funeral of Lieutenant Ralph Church, who died of typhoid fever at Deming, New Mexico. He is son of Chas. Church and wife, and came from Nebraska. His sickness was not considered as any result of unsanitary conditions, but rather to his vaccination and the state of his health when the treatment was given. Mr. Phillips drove to Wayne for the train.

C. L. Puffett, who last week sold his interest in the Central Garage to his partner, Guy Strickland, left Monday morning on a tour of inspection. He has reversed the famous advice of the late Horace Greeley of a half century ago, when he told the young men of New York to "Go west, young man, go west" and is now looking at farms in central New York, where land agencies and advertisers say opportunity is better than in the west—that land is cheaper, and proximity to market makes it a most desirable field for investment and a home. His grandparents came west from that part of the state many years ago. We have the promise of a report of how things look to him.

The editor carried an hour at Shoes Monday, and formed the acquaintance of the new bank cashier, Mr. W. E. Philby, who succeeds Mr. Stevenson to that responsible position. We found the man pretty busy trying to make acquaintance with the patrons of the institution as they came in the course of the business, and apparently succeeding in making a very favorable impression. We learned that Mr. Philby brings to the bank he has acquired an interest in, an experience of 18 years of bank work both in country and city banks. After ten years in a country bank, he took a post graduate course of eight years with the National Packer's bank at Omaha during which time he kept climbing up; resigning a few weeks ago to purchase an interest in the bank at Shoes and go to that place and assume charge of the business. With his acquaintance among commission men and bankers at the commercial hub of the state his coming to Shoes should mean much in a business way to that bank and its loyal patrons. The first report made in response to the call of the state appears in another column, showing just the condition of the bank during the first few weeks under his management, and it is predicted that the next report will show marked improvement. Wayne county citizens will give a warm welcome to Mr. Philby and family.

A WORD TO THE SPEEDER

Numerous articles have been written from time to time on the evil effects of speeding. Every auto driver knows all the "don'ts" in connection with the custom of trying to get to a given point before you really start. Still every day the dailies have stories of accidents where drivers have turned a deaf ear to the "don'ts" and a tragedy followed. One day this week the writer told the city Marshal that his duties must be rather tame since the state went dry. He signed and reminded us that the speeders were still with us and conditions were becoming worse instead of better along this line. The drivers seem blind as well as deaf to drivers seem blind as well as deaf as they are unable to read the signs printed so clearly and placed so conveniently along the roads just outside the city limits. And those signs and those "don'ts" wouldn't be needed, if drivers would show a little more sanity. It has become, along our city streets, not exactly a danger but an almost impossibility to cross the streets without stopping to let cars go by. Pedestrians have no rights whatever. It matters not how much of a hurry one may be in, if a car toots it means "stop" and the car has the advantage every time. The pedestrians seem to know their "don'ts" and if the drivers would play the game of give and take there would be no difficulty. And there would be far less accidents.

HOUSEHOLD GOODS FOR SALE

Having sold my residence, I offer household goods for sale. Mrs. Kiplinger, Phone Black 352. 35-1f.

Fortner pays top prices for Cream.

Start September Right! BUY YOUR MEATS, FISH, AND OYSTERS Where Quality is Best Prices are Right The West Side Market sells from the best and most carefully inspected meats obtainable, and gives you service and quality. Always an assortment of Fresh, cooked and cured Meats SATURDAY SPECIAL Spring Chickens dressed, at 25c the pound Top Prices for Hides West Side Market Phone 46 Jack Denbeck. NOTICE!—While this is known as a Cash Market, I am prepared to carry a limited number of good 30-day accounts.

TELEPHONE TROUBLES

For the information of those who may desire to know of the conditions facing the telephone industry at this time, the following statement is issued by the Nebraska Telephone Co. Since the beginning of the war, the government's requests for telephone equipment have had precedence over private requirements and government telephone calls have had the right-of-way over all private messages.

At an expense in the aggregate hundreds of thousands of dollars—comprehensive telephone systems have been provided for training camps, and lines of communication have been installed between military headquarters, mobilization posts and commissary depots. Telephones and special lines have also been supplied for the troops at bridges, grain depots and other places being guarded.

In addition to the government's use of our service, increased business activity incident to the war has placed further demands upon our telephone facilities. We are handling over 30 percent more long distance calls than we did before the war and the number of local calls, particularly in the larger cities, has increased greatly.

The long distance telephone facilities out of the city of Washington have been more than doubled since the war began and in all the principal centers both the long distance and local equipment has been greatly increased in an endeavor to handle the heavy telephone burden caused by war activities.

Nearly 3000 skilled telephone engineers and maintenance men from the Bell system alone have been organized into signal corps battalions for service with the armies in the field. Many more of our men are with the national guards and in other branches of the countries military service.

The situation confronting us has caused great difficulty in getting and installing equipment for the most urgent private needs. Our long distance facilities are loaded to their utmost capacity and our local service in some localities is suffering on account of the conditions over which we have no control.

As the war continues the government's requirements for trained telephone men and service and equipment are increasing. The present business activity is also likely to be extended as the war goes on. In the interests of all, we hope that our patrons will ask for no additional equipment unless absolutely essential.

ADVERTISED LETTER LIST

Letter, Edw. J. Healy, Miss Elaine Moore, C. A. Richardson, W. S. Stanton. C. A. BERRY, Postmaster

Report of the Condition of the Wayne County Bank of Shoes

Charter No. 1156 in the State of Nebraska at the close of business, August 21, 1917.

Table with 2 columns: Resources and Liabilities. Lists items like Loans and discounts, Capital stock paid in, Undivided profits, etc.

State of Nebraska, County of Wayne, ss.

I, W. E. Philby, Cashier of the above named bank do hereby swear that the above statement is a correct and true copy of the report made to the State Banking Board.

(seal) W. E. PHILBY, Attest:

W. H. ROOT, Director A. E. McDOWELL, Director. Subscribed and sworn to before me this 25th day of August, 1917.

T. A. JACKSON, Notary Public.

IT IS NOW HAM and BACON TIME and we have a large supply to select from. ARMOUR'S "STAR" MORRIS' "SUPREME" MORRELL'S "DAKOTA PRIDE" SWIFT'S "PREMIUM" CUDAHY'S "PURITAN" We have some nice, small pig hams, which are just right for family use. Don't just say, "Give me a ham," ask for your favorite brand, or ask for the best and you will not be disappointed. All of our hams are guaranteed to be first class or money refunded. CENTRAL MEAT MARKET Two Phones 66 and 67 Fred R. Dean

HOUSEHOLD GOODS FOR SALE Having sold my residence, I offer household goods for sale. Mrs. Kiplinger, Phone Black 352. 35-1f. Fortner pays top prices for Cream.

WAYNE HOSPITAL Open to the public and all cases received excepting contagious diseases. Image of a large building.

**LOCAL AND PERSONAL**

Miss Esther Glasser of Sholes visited friends at Wayne Wednesday.

Watch for announcement of opening next week. Mrs. Jeffries—adv.

T. B. Heckert was an Omaha visitor Wednesday, returning this morning.

Robert Skiles went to Vayland, South Dakota, Wednesday to look after land interests.

Mrs. E. E. Fleetwood went to Newcastle Wednesday to visit for some time with relatives.

Misses Alma Craven and Magdaline Hahn and Mrs. Paul Mines were at Sioux City Wednesday.

Mrs. C. J. Nairn who has been visiting points in Iowa for some time returned home Tuesday.

Mrs. J. W. Echtenkamp returned to Arlington Wednesday after a visit at the W. M. Krallman home.

Mrs. E. R. Williams and daughter, Lucile, have been the guests of Mrs. J. J. Williams—the first part of the week.

**NOTICE!**—The Pear and Peach Bold-Face locals which appear without signature on page two, should have been signed by Orr & Orr Co.

George Steele returned to his home at Van Tassel, Wyoming, Tuesday after a visit with his mother, Mrs. Caroline Steele.

Wm. Pfueger took his little girl over to Sioux City Wednesday where he will consult a child specialist as to the girl's health.

Mr. and Mrs. W. B. Sharp and daughter of Trinidad, Colorado, arrived Wednesday evening for a visit at the T. R. Durant home.

Miss Irma James went to Dakota City Wednesday to attend teacher's institute. She will teach at South Sioux the coming school year.

Miss Amy Nelson of Westpoint visited the first of the week with Miss Minnie Will. She went to Wynot Wednesday where she will visit before returning home.

Mr. and Mrs. B. W. Ward went to Ravinia, South Dakota, Wednesday, where they expect to make their future home. Mr. Ward has been employed this summer on the new Normal building.

The Calumet Cafe installed a large exhaust fan in the kitchen recently. Besides making the kitchen cool and comfortable for the employees the fan carries all smoke and odor out of doors. The cost was \$200.00 but it has already proven its worth.

Zeph Morgan and family drove over from their home near Red Oak, Iowa, the first of the week, and are now visiting relatives and friends in this vicinity, where they made their home for a number of years, returning to Iowa three or four years ago.

Mrs. S. E. Maney and daughter, Sidonie, of Chicago, former residents of Wayne, arrived Wednesday for a visit at the J. W. Mason home. The ladies have been at Niobrara, visiting a sister of Mrs. Maney's and stopped to visit old friends before returning to Chicago.

J. M. Cherry went over to Sholes Wednesday evening returning this morning. This was Mr. Cherry's annual vacation and he went to Sholes because they live fast enough there to get a week's vacation condensed into twenty-four hours.

Don't get impatient in regard to getting your order filled for Bartlett pears. A car load will be on the market in about a week at \$1.00 less than present prices. Phone your order for both pears and peaches—adv.

**BASKET STORE**, phone 24  
**RUNDELL'S GROCERY**, phone 2

L. B. Fitch of the Fairmont cream station at this place has resigned because he is one of the boys accepted by Uncle Sam to put the knifer out of the world-ruling business, and his successor, C. H. Johnson is here. Mr. Fitch went to Waltham, Rhode Island, or some other place in or near the reservation to bid farewell to some fair one before having to answer the call to arms of another kind.

**FREE**

**School Tablet**

—a—

**large school tablet**

**Free with each \$2.00 Purchase**

**Basket Grocery**

# The New Fall Goods Are Ready



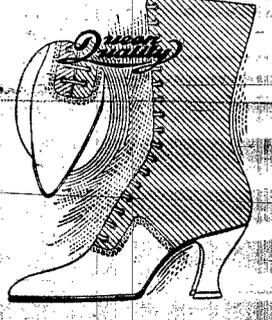
The Dry Goods, Coats, Suits and Shoes ordered on our eastern buying trip week before last are now arriving.

We look for a "great business this fall and have bought a splendid stock to take care of it.

**Come Early and see the assortment at its Best.**

## The New Shoes Are Moderately Priced

Neat dress shoes of black leather are \$5.00 to \$7.50. Fancy colored dress shoes are \$7.50 to \$10.00. Prices are no higher yet than last season because these shoes were ordered months ago. There is a beautiful assortment to choose from, and now is the best time to be fitted while we have all widths AA to EE.



# Ahern's

School dresses and hats for the girls. Mrs. Jeffries—adv.

Attorney Barnhart of Norfolk was a business visitor at Wayne Tuesday.

C. H. Fisher and son spent Wednesday looking after business at Sioux City.

Mrs. H. A. Moler of Sioux City arrived Wednesday for a short visit with Mrs. W. L. Benson.

Mrs. C. Fredrickson returned home Wednesday evening to Carroll after a visit here with friends.

Miss Elizabeth Brown went to Winside Wednesday to visit her friend, Miss Virginia Chapin a few days.

Miss Laura DeWeese went to Oakdale and Ewing Tuesday for an extended visit with friends and relatives.

Miss Lottie Childs of Wakefield arrived Wednesday evening to visit her friend, Mrs. A. D. Erickson a few days.

Mrs. W. B. Werner of Winside returned to her home Wednesday after a pleasant visit with her sister, Mrs. John Jenik.

Miss Edna Baless of Sioux City visited Miss Milliken the first of the week. She also visited friends at Hoskins before returning.

John Larson and family are due to return from Diamond Lake, near Atwater, Minnesota, today. Mr. L. writes that "fishing is good."

Mr. and Mrs. Nels Granquist left by automobile Wednesday to visit her parents at Hudson, South Dakota. They also visited at Sioux City.

**FREE DIRT!**—I will have about 75 loads of dirt which may be had for the hauling. Who wants it? See Albert Bastain, phone Black 358.—ad.

George Van Norman returned Wednesday from a trip to Van Tassel, Wyoming and in Cheyenne county, Nebraska. He bought land in the latter county.

Friction top tin sealing cans 60c per dozen. Just the thing for tomatoes, can be used several seasons. Cheaper than glass and better. Rundell's Grocery—adv.

Mrs. J. W. Ziegler has purchased the Perry Theobald residence on west 7th street, and now Perry is out looking for a place in which to move when he must give possession.

O. C. Lewis thinks that honors are being heaped upon him in great numbers. He just received word from his daughter, Minta Lewis Leebrik of McDonald, Kansas, that on the 17th of August he became the grandfather of twin girls, born that day to Mr. and Mrs. Leebrik.

Mrs. L. B. Palmer of Hubbard visited friends at Wayne Wednesday.

Ralph Clark returned Wednesday from a trip to Sioux City and Dakota City.

Mrs. Herman Sund and her mother Mrs. Gus Zieman were Norfolk business visitors Wednesday.

Mr. and Mrs. C. S. Lovejoy of Bloomfield visited a short time Tuesday with Mr. and Mrs. F. H. Jones.

Miss Edna Terry returned to her home at Norfolk Wednesday after a short visit with Mrs. J. M. Barrett.

Misses Winnie and Gertrude McInerney are spending this week with relatives and friends at Bloomfield.

Mrs. Earl Bills from Lyons, was here last week visiting her sister, Mrs. Homer Seace, returning the last of the week.

Mrs. Ziegler and daughter returned the first of the week from a two weeks visit with relatives at and near Gregory, South Dakota.

Mrs. J. M. Franks of Omaha who has been visiting Mr. and Mrs. Will Moore a few days left for Bloomfield Wednesday to visit friends before returning to Omaha.

Mrs. Echtenkamp went to Hot Springs, South Dakota, Tuesday in the hopes that the trip would benefit her health. She has been a great sufferer with hay fever.

Mr. and Mrs. W. F. Wulf and daughter Anna and Mrs. Fritz Wulf who have been visiting at the Wm. Broschert home left for Emmet Wednesday where they will visit a few days before returning home.

Miss Katherine Roskopf went to David City Wednesday where she will attend teachers' institute. From there she will go to Linwood to take up her school duties again. She taught the fifth and sixth grades there last year and gave excellent satisfaction.

Mrs. L. C. Williams of Carroll arrived Wednesday to visit her parents Mr. and Mrs. L. G. Donner. Mr. and Mrs. Lake Hall of Beaver Creek, Minnesota, and G. R. Hall of Tabor, Iowa, arrived Tuesday and are guests at the Donner home. They are having a very enjoyable family reunion. Today they returned to Carroll with Mrs. Williams to spend the day.

Call the Wayne Roller Mills and learn how to save from 50c to \$1.00 on each 100 pounds of best flour. You need all your wheat at home. Don't ship it out. W. R. Weber—adv.

For Sale—Cucumbers for pickling, \$1.25 per bushel. Mrs. Fred Martin.—2.

Mrs. F. H. Obst who has been visiting her sister, Mrs. H. W. Bonawitz for a week returned home Tuesday.

Mrs. Geo. Fortner and sons returned the first of the week from their visit at Huron, South Dakota, and the boys report a splendid time.

Miss Cynthia Gilbert went to Pilger Tuesday to join a party of friends in a camping trip to the Elkhorn. She expects to be gone several days.

Mrs. W. S. Barker and daughter, Bernadine, of Tekamah, were Wayne visitors Tuesday. They had been to Wausa and Bloomfield visiting friends.

Peter Henkle and daughter Helen went to Norfolk Wednesday where Helen will visit while Mr. Henkle goes on a business trip to Stanton and other points.

Mrs. C. S. Vall of Rock Rapids, Iowa, visited the latter part of the week with Mrs. W. B. Vail. She went to Norfolk Wednesday to visit a short time before returning to her home.

**Strayed or Stolen!**—A yearling mule colt, from the farm eight miles north of Wisner. Reward to any one furnishing any information as to its whereabouts. L. A. Jones, Phone 814, Wisner.—adv 35-2

Mr. and Mrs. C. R. Gibson went to Des Moines, Iowa, Tuesday to visit their son who is a member of the Third Iowa regiment. The boys have orders to leave soon for France and Mr. and Mrs. Gibson are anxious to see their son before he goes.

Mrs. T. W. Moran went to Omaha Saturday when the boys of Co. E. were in that city on their way to training camp at Deming, New Mexico, and they expected to reach that place Wednesday noon, according to a card which the Moran boys sent to their father when at Wellington, Kansas. From Omaha, Mrs. Moran went on to Kearney to visit a short time.

Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Moeller from Pocahontas, Iowa, drove out here the first of the week to visit a day or two at the home of his boyhood friend, F. R. Dean. To hear the two talk of the times they had as farmer lads in western Iowa, when the farm was ten miles from nowhere, took the writer back to other days some years earlier when swimming in summer and skating and coasting in winter and horseback riding day or night made up the greater portion of boyhood sports. No automobiles, no telephones, very few carriages or buggies, but plenty of hard, health-giving work—that's why Dean's so tough.

Mrs. I. J. Lane of Omaha arrived Friday for a visit with her daughter, Mrs. LeRoy Ley. She joined Mr. and Mrs. Ley at Crystal Lake for an over-Sunday outing.

G. H. Thompson and Claude Ferrell autoed to Lyons the first of the week. Mr. T. to visit his folks and see a nephew who is leaving for the war soon; and Mr. Ferrell's wife is there visiting.

Mr. and Mrs. J. P. Larson and Mr. and Mrs. Ray Robinson, their daughter left Wednesday for Lake Preston, South Dakota, where they will enjoy a vacation, fishing and visiting. They will be guests of Mr. and Mrs. Gerald Porter, and will join Mr. and Mrs. C. J. Lund in their visit at that place.

Mr. and Mrs. Herman Mildner and son left by automobile early Monday morning to visit their daughter and Mrs. Mildner's brothers at and near Plankinton, South Dakota. They plan a great trip and a pleasant visit Paul Mildner came over from Emerson last week and is in charge of the business here this week, and is to remain and take a place permanently in the store, succeeding Wm. Benson, who is to go to the Ahern store the first of September.

Miss Clara Graw returned to her home at Quincy, Illinois, Saturday after a three-weeks visit with her sister, Miss Dorothy Graw at the Wm. Rosenkoetter home.

Wm. Morgan and wife left Sunday afternoon to visit their farm near Moore, Montana, and to see what the harvest has in store for them on the place recently purchased there by Mr. Morgan.

Miss Iris Griggs is at Hartington this week attending the teacher's institute and next week she will go to Belden where she is to teach the intermediate department of the Belden school.

Father Kearns returned Saturday from a week's vacation. He went to Battle Creek where, in company with Father Walsh, he visited different Nebraska points combining business with pleasure.

Before the little girls start for school you should have them visit the Mrs. Jeffries Ready to Wear store for ladies, and get their needs supplied in school dresses, fall hats and other needed articles of apparel which can be supplied here cheaper and better than they can be made at home.—adv.

## Your Fall Clothing!



Our fall display of woolsens is now complete. Drop in and look them over while the line is complete. Select the pattern you want and have us order it to come out when you want it. This insures the best of service plus careful tailoring. Remember we guarantee to fit and please you.

Our new fall hats and caps are on the way. Watch our windows for the new Stetsons.

The New Shoes for Fall are Ready in all styles, colors and leathers. Select yours now while we have all the sizes and widths in each style.

**Morgan's Toggery**  
"The Shop That Grows and Grows"

## WHAT THE FOOD PRODUCTION ACT PROVIDES

Eleven million three hundred and forty-six thousand four hundred dollars to be used in stimulating production, for protecting and conserving foods, and for a survey of the country's food resources.

Staff of county agents to be increased until at least one agent will be stationed in practically every agricultural county in the United States that will cooperate with the department and the State agricultural college.

Women county agents for demonstration work in home economics to be increased in rural counties and similar agents to be placed in towns and cities for the first time.

Farm-help service to be extended in co-operation with United States department of Labor to assist in bringing farmers and farm laborers together.

Country wide survey to be made of food on farms, in storage, in shops, and in homes. Estimates of family consumption of food to be made.

Extension of crop estimating to crops not hitherto reported and to include special inquiries to gather information on extraordinary farm conditions.

Hog and poultry production to be stimulated as far as practicable.

Increased production and conservation of dairy foods to be encouraged.

Animal diseases to be combated on a larger scale.

Increased efforts to be made to combat insect pests of plants and animals.

Further steps to be taken to destroy animal pests and predatory animals which injure crops and kill live stock.

Work for the control of plant diseases to be extended.

Survey of seed supplies and needs to be made and results published so that farmers will be assisted in obtaining a sufficient supply of good seed. Seed to be purchased and sold to farmers by the department if necessary in restricted areas.

Demonstrations to be carried out in proper handling, packing, shipping, and marketing of perishable fruits and vegetables to decrease spoilage.

News service for various farm products to be extended so that producers and consumers can be better informed as to the supply and demand and can sell and buy with less expense, less spoilage, and less lost motion.

## PLANS FOR REGISTRATION OF WOMEN WELL ORGANIZED

Plans for registration of women in Nebraska on September 12th are well organized. The movement is a national one, but each state committee on registration is charged with the execution of its own plan. The state committee delegates the work to the county chairman of registration, the county chairman in turn delegates the work to the committee on registration or to registrars in the cities, towns, villages and rural communities. Each county therefore works as a unit. It will be interesting to make a sociological study of the proportionate numbers registering in the different counties. Some conclusions may be drawn as to the significance of nationality, religious affiliation, comparisons between cities and rural districts, kinds of service offered indicating the class of women most responsive to such a call.

Final summaries of this registration will be reported to the government. The women of Nebraska have this opportunity of placing themselves at the head of the list for percentage of registrations. Let one hundred per cent be our goal.

**Great Variety of Services Needed.** The 300,000 women eligible to register in Nebraska on September 12, represent women of different nationalities, women of different experiences, training and abilities. But the variety of qualifications they possess is no greater than the variety of work which needs to be done.

You may give service to your country effectively, without leaving your own home and your duties there.

Look over the registration card and you will see that there are one hundred and fifty-four different kinds of service listed and twelve definitely named objects of contribution. The chief types of service are as follows:

agriculture, clerical, domestic, industrial, professional, public service, social service, miscellaneous and contributions. Trained and untrained helpers are needed in all these branches. Some services will be paid for

others will be volunteer, and still others will be done for expense money only.

It is not necessary that you speak the English language. Register anyway. There is much you can do to aid your country in bringing this war to a successful and speedy conclusion.

Go to your precinct polling place on September 12 and tell your registrar what you can do, be it little or much. Help your country NOW. Registration of Women is Voluntary. This registration is decidedly different from the registration of men which took place in our country on June 5th last.

Registration of women is voluntary. No one will compel you to register. Nothing will be done to you if you fail to register.

"Registration" simply means signing your name and address and stating what you can do, or will do, in the way of service for your country at this time. If you wish to be paid for your services, say so. Nothing will be done to you if it becomes impossible for you to render the service for which you pledge yourself. Your offer will be made in good faith and no legal obligation can be attached to your obligation.

**A Heart to Heart Talk.**

Can you answer "yes" to the following questions:

Are you a woman over 16 years of age? Do you really love your country? Do you realize that your country is at war? Do you think there is ANYTHING you can do to help your country in this present crisis? Are you willing to write down on a card what you think you can do? Do you believe organized endeavors count for more than scattered efforts?

If you can answer "yes" to the above questions, then do not fail to register on September 12th.

## RESIDENCE FOR SALE

An eight-room house, good lot, three blocks west of State Bank. Priced right and reasonable terms. Ask the Democrat office.—adv. 32-1f.

## LOCAL AND PERSONAL

I. H. Leeder was a Sioux City visitor Monday.

Curtis Hess of Niobrara was a business visitor at Wayne Monday.

Mrs. C. H. Fisher went to Sioux City Monday for a short visit.

Miss Cora McClure went to Aurora Monday for a visit with friends.

Mrs. J. Irving and son of Bloomfield were Wayne visitors Tuesday.

Misses Ruth Nordstrom and Della Lindblad of Wausa were Wayne visitors Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. W. R. Ellis went to Omaha Tuesday morning for a visit of a few days.

Bonnie Moran went to Kearney Tuesday to spend some time with his sister, Mrs. A. C. Lantz.

Miss Hilda Bartels of Carroll and Miss Esther Carlson of Wausa were Wayne visitors Monday.

Mrs. J. M. Barrett went to Randolph Monday to visit a few days at the home of her daughter.

Mrs. August Hokamp of Arlington arrived Tuesday for a visit at the Wm. Krallman home near Wayne.

Mrs. Nan Wright was called to Galesburg, Illinois, Monday on account of the serious illness of a sister there.

Miss Elsie Beale of Presho, South Dakota, returned to her home Monday after a visit at the G. A. Lamberson home.

Miss Lois Gardner from Creighton, who was a guest of Mrs. S. J. Tekler while attending Institute, returned home Saturday.

T. J. Murrill came last week from Burkett to visit at the home of his son, Ed, at this place and among his old soldier friends.

Miss Maude Grothe was a passenger to Dakota City Tuesday where she goes to visit Miss Margaret Bridenbaugh for a week.

Miss Madge Barnes arrived Monday for a visit at the J. D. Henderson home. Miss Barnes lives at Verdell and is a former Normal student.

Mr. and Mrs. W. L. Fisher are visiting at St. Charles, Iowa, and attending the Iowa state fair this week while on their way home from a visit in Ohio.

Geo. Smith and family from Herman returned home Monday after a visit at the home of his brother-in-law, Henry Rethwisch and family, near Carroll.

John Horn of Sholes and Wm. Wipperfleung from Randolph left Monday to visit a son of the former in Moorcraft, Wyoming, and take a look at that country.

Misses Grace Nolan and Katherine Roskopf went to Crystal Lake Sunday to spend the day. Miss Nolan is from Scribner and has been the guest of Miss Roskopf several days.

Wm. Fleetwood went to Stuart last week to visit his daughter, Mrs. G. K. Johnson, and assist her in packing to move from that place to their new home at Sioux City, Iowa.

Mrs. Kiplinger has sold her residence on Pearl and 4th streets to Thomas Hughes and will give possession in about two months, after which Mrs. K. expects to be away for the winter.

Mrs. Gus Mattheis of Wisner was a Wayne visitor Monday evening. She went to Sioux City Tuesday in response to a telegram saying that her husband who is at the hospital there is not expected to live.

H. Westphalen of Manning, Iowa, came last week from Cheyenne county, where he has been visiting, to visit at the home of his nephew, Ed Hagemann, and with the Everetts and other friends in the neighborhood.

Lyle Martin and wife of Sioux City son of Mr. and Mrs. Fred Martin, went thru Wayne Saturday evening enroute to Hot Springs, South Dakota, where he goes in the hope that a fortnight change will head off a siege of hay fever. He is firing on the Northwestern.

Seth Blain and August Anders of Creighton were Wayne-visitors Monday. They drove to Randolph Sunday with the fickle reporter of the Creighton News and he left them for fairer company so the boys were compelled to come to Wayne and patronize the Northwestern to get to Creighton.

Mr. and Mrs. G. A. Wade returned Monday evening from a ten days visit with relatives near Colome, South Dakota. Mr. Wade went out in the car, and they made the home trip together by automobile. He says it would not be so far if there were less hills, but when one has to travel eight miles up and down—mostly up, to cover four miles as the birds fly, it makes one wish for the day of air travel, when one can stay above the ups and downs incident to getting into and out of the valley in which flows the Niobrara. Mrs. C. E. Conover returned with them to visit Wayne friends.

Frank Whitney went to Omaha last week for a few days.

Father Kearns was a business visitor at Norfolk Tuesday.

Miss Laura Isom of Winside was a business visitor at Wayne Monday.

Miss Martha Larson of Decatur was a business visitor at Wayne Monday.

Mrs. Wiggers of Wisner visited a short time Monday with Mrs. Wm. Goldsmith.

Miss Vern Anederson of Bassett visited over Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. C. L. Henderson.

Chas. Thompson went to Lyons county, Iowa, the first of the week on a short business trip.

Mrs. F. M. Fry of Norfolk who has been visiting her sister, Mrs. Will Otte left for her home Monday.

Ralph Hoskins returned from points in Missouri Saturday. He spent his vacation there working and visiting.

Mrs. W. H. Whitaker of Omaha arrived Tuesday for a visit with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Peter Coyle.

J. G. W. Lewis spent the greater part of the week visiting teachers' institutes in different counties nearby.

Mrs. and Mrs. E. H. Summers of Norfolk visited Sunday with Mrs. Summers' parents, Mr. and Mrs. H. A. Lyons.

Miss Berta Sleeper of Norfolk who has been visiting with Mrs. J. M. Barrett left for her home Sunday evening.

Miss Julia Carr returned to Hoskins Sunday after a visit with her uncle and aunt, Mr. and Mrs. H. E. Giggs.

Mrs. Claude Hudson of Roberts, Montana, who has been visiting friends at Wayne left for her western home Monday.

Mrs. Lydia Dickson of Omaha arrived Monday to visit her daughters, Mrs. Fred Blair and Mrs. Grace Keyser for a couple of weeks.

Mrs. Ward Williams and children of Carroll who have been visiting Mr. and Mrs. W. B. Hughes since Friday last returned to their home Tuesday.

Robert Skiles came home for Vayland, South Dakota, last week, on account of the illness of Mrs. Skiles. He tells us that his farm there is returning a good crop this year.

Will Taylor of Mitchell, South Dakota, has rented the Union Hotel and will take possession September 15th. He expects to make some needed improvements and will serve meals at a cafeteria.

Mrs. Perry Hughes of Fremont who has been visiting at the W. B. Hughes home went to Creighton Monday where she will visit Miss Grace Rafferty before returning to her home at Fremont.

Preparations are under way for Christmas already, and the ladies of the Aid Society of the English Lutheran church have selected December 15th as the date for holding their annual bazaar and food sale.—1.

Mr. and Mrs. Clarence Corbit and little daughter, accompanied by V. H. McChesney went to Des Moines Saturday to attend the state fair and visit relatives. They went by auto and will no doubt have a pleasant outing.

E. A. Surber went to Wessington, South Dakota, Tuesday to look after land interests. They are threshing on his farm and he was anxious to see how the grain is turning out.

Prof. E. Coleman of Sholes went to Sioux City on a business trip Tuesday.

Joe Erickson and family, who moved to a farm near Red Oak, Iowa, nearly three years ago, drove over last week to visit friends here, and paid the Democrat a visit. He reports that crops are splendid there so far as gathered, and that corn prospect is good. All will be glad to know that he is prospering; in fact it was conceded that he would, for he is a good farmer.

Tuesday morning the thermometer flirted with frost, some people claimed we had a slight frost but the thermometer registered 10 degrees above the freezing point at 6:00 a. m. However, word comes from the northern part of the state that frost was seen Tuesday morning. It is to be hoped that the corn was not damaged. Much of it is still in the milk and even a slight frost would damage it to a great extent. In Knox county the corn crop is very backward and an early frost will mean a great loss.

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—FOR—

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Most Miles per Gallon      Most Miles on Tires

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Two dollars aren't worth anything unless you buy something with them.

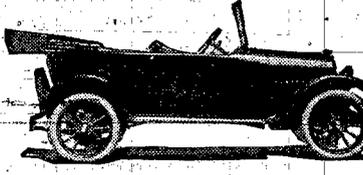
You couldn't eat two dollars if you were shipwrecked on a desert isle.

But two dollars are full of splendid possibilities, if you know how to spend them wisely.

For only two dollars a week you can operate a Maxwell automobile.

That means 1000 per cent. profit—in health and joy for you and yours.

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**IMPORTANT NOTICE!**

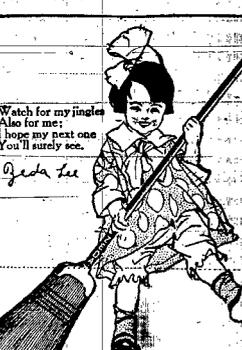
The public library wishes to call to the attention of every citizen of Wayne and every man and woman who patronizes the library, a recently received book. This book is known as "The National Service Handbook." It is issued by the committee on Public Information, which committee is composed of the Secretary of state the secretary of war the secretary of the navy and George Creel.

Our president has said "It is not an army we must shape and train for war; it is a nation." The chairman of this committee on public information suggests that "Many in every community are anxious to serve and do not know what they can do, nor where to apply. Many, too, are seeking for a comprehensive description of the work of the nation at this time of crisis. For such as these this book is prepared." As our nation is preparing for war this means that you and I, as well as the boys who are going to the front, have a duty to perform. If you are anxious to perform this duty, and everyone ought to be, this book will show you the path of duty and just how you may help. In reviewing the subjects treated in this volume it appears to me that no possible question concerning which any American may wish information relating to this great crisis has been overlooked. Please make it your duty to call upon the librarian for this book and consult it often.

Dr. Blair.

**FOR SALE—Deere carriage cheap. Victor Carlson.—adv. 34-1f.**

Watch for my jingles for me I hope my next one you'll surely see.  
*Zeda Lee*



## ZEDA

### THE MODERN BROOM

*Good friends of ours, here's Zeda Lee. We hope you'll learn to love her. For she's as sweet as dust can be. And sure as clouds above her.*

**Our Favorite Daughter.** Miss Zeda Lee, mascot, with a heart of gold and a good word for everybody! Zeda—the name of our most popular Modern Broom—Lee, the name of the largest and highest-rated independent broom manufacturing establishment in the universe; Zeda Lee, the easy-to-remember combination of both.

Ask your dealer to show you Zeda, The Modern Broom. Note its patented feathers—see for yourself why it outlasts two, three and sometimes four ordinary brooms.

**LEE BROOM & DUSTER COMPANY**  
Boston, Mass. Lincoln, Neb. Davenport, Iowa.

If your dealer can't supply you, write our Lincoln factory.

## The Risk

of depositing money in any bank is very small; but why take any risk at all? The government requires a bond of security—why don't you?

**THE DEPOSITS IN**

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are protected and secured by the depositors guarantee fund of the STATE.

You cannot afford to carry this risk yourself when the protection costs you nothing.

We will be glad to have you as one of our depositors.

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ROLLIE W. LEY, Cashier.      H. LUNDBERG, Ass't. Cashier.

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## Stop Those Leaks!

Does \$100.00 or \$200.00 even more slip from your pocketbook in the course of a year and nothing to show for it?

Stop those leaks with a BANK BOOK in the Savings Department of the

### FIRST NATIONAL BANK

Oldest Bank in Wayne County      Wayne, Nebraska.

WHY WE ARE AT WAR  
 Louis F. Post, in the Public  
 Part II.  
 (Continued from last week)

By the menacing extension of his battle line out upon the Atlantic Ocean toward the United States, and his claim to military sovereignty over the intervening waters, the German Kaiser challenged the United States to fight or fall back. He thereby claimed this area of the ocean as a Prussian lake. Had he won the European war he could have extended his claim to the whole ocean, unless we ourselves had subsequently broken the peace and made war upon him to recover what for the sake of peace with him we had unresistingly yielded at a more favorable time for defense. Had he lost the war, with what grace could we have claimed restoration by the victorious Allies of the ocean rights which, during their war, we had yielded to their foe?

But our concern in the matter comes closer home than even that. When the Kaiser notified the government of the United States that after February 1, 1917, he would sink at sight American vessels entering the ocean area east of the 20th meridian, he declared war against the United States. When within that area he began sinking American ships at sight, as he had notified our government he would do, and killed American crews and passengers sailing on them under the American flag, he made war upon the United States. It was on his part, invasive war, a war of conquest, precisely the kind of war upon this country which he had made two and a half years earlier upon Belgium and France.

Before declaration of war, and those acts of war, we had reason to fear the German government, reason for indignation, reason for resentment. We might have gone to war with no slight reasons, and that we did not was because our government was then, and still is, under an administration which does not revel in thoughts of war, it abhors war. But when the German government advanced its invasive battle line out upon the open Atlantic in our direction, asserting its sovereignty there as it was asserting it in Belgium and northern France, and killing American citizens on American ships under the American flag upon waters where they had as good right to be as in their own cities, states or harbors, then a new element came into the case. Our Republic was invasively and defiantly put upon the defensive. The most pacific administration the United States has ever had could no longer keep us out of the war without putting us into national subjection to an alien power. The German government had then left no alternative to this government but war or surrender.

Our ships might indeed have stayed

away from the ocean area over which the German government thus asserted exclusive sovereignty. Their crews and passengers might have remained at home in obedience to the Kaiser's command. In obedience to that command our government might have ordered them to do so. But none of this would have been any safer to our independence, any more in the interest of peace between this country and Germany, or any more reasonable on any count, than if the Kaiser had ordered us to stay off all ocean outside our own territorial waters, and we had obeyed.

If the United States ought, in conscience or from motives of peace, to have yielded to the Kaiser's extension of the invasive battle line out upon the ocean to the 20th meridian in our direction, we should have had no reason in conscience or peace policy, for forcibly resisting its extension at the Kaiser's command to the 30th degree, nor to the 60th, nor even to the very three-mile limit off our own coast line. There is no argument in opposition to our war against the German Kaiser as a war of self defense, which would not be as reasonable if, in his lust of world conquest, he were immediately approaching our water frontiers across the ocean, as almost three years ago, obsessed with that lust, he approached the land frontiers of France across Belgium.

Of course, on principles of non-resistance the United States would not be justified in either case. Nor should one be hasty to deny that non-resistance is good strategy as well as good morals. It has sanctions that cannot be lightly ignored, and there are historical instances of its potency. At all events no high-minded person or noble-spirited people will countenance bullying denunciation or tolerate maltreatment of those among them who preach and practice non-resistance. The memory of Tolstoy forbids. But the policy of national non-resistance to wars of conquest is not yet a social factor. Still feeling its way forward, the world is unappreciative of any better defense to invasive war than defensive war. As one of the most idealistic and deservedly influential newspapers of our country and time has phrased the thought, "The world has not reached the place where might can be met with argument, or where the wrath of nations can be turned away with a soft answer." It is by the test of the social toe-mark of our own time that our war against the German invader must be tried; and by that test the war we wage is necessary war because it is a war of national self-defense.

That there are more ideal justifications has been intimated above. Our war is no less just than necessary as a war of self-defense; and it is just also because it is a war in defense of the peaceable democracies of the world. This justification, eloquently made by the President in his war proclamation, can not be too often repeated, nor too clearly apprehended. "We are now about to accept game of battle with this natural foe to liberty," said the President, "and shall, if necessary, spend the whole force of the nation to check and nullify his pretensions and its power. We are glad, now that we see the facts with no veil of false pretense about them, to fight thus for the ultimate peace of the world, and for the liberation of its peoples, the German people included; for the rights of nations great and small, and the privilege of men everywhere to choose their way of life and obedience. The world must be made safe for democracy—its injury to one is the concern of all. Its peace must be planted upon the lasting foundations of political liberty. We have no selfish ends to serve. We desire no conquest, no dominion—our war is not of the Prussianistic order. "We shall fight for the things which we have always carried nearest our hearts—for democracy, for the right of those who submit to authority to have a voice in their own governments, for the rights and liberties of small nations, for a universal dominion of right by such a concert of free peoples as shall bring peace and safety to all nations and make the world itself at last free."

Those are the ideals for which we are to struggle in the war. They are the ideals for which we are to stand in adjusting terms of peace when the war is over. And they are none the less genuine because in our war struggle in their behalf we temporarily suspend our own guarantees of individual liberty in order to make the war effective as our people would have it, instead of a failure as the war lords of Germany would like it to be. This is part of the necessary cost of all wars for democracy. Our Revolutionary war, with its democratic purpose and outcome, could not have been won by democratic methods. The French Revolution, with its democratic aspirations, and its overthrow of an ancient feudalism, was it not sustained coercively? Our Civil War for a government of the people, for the people and by the people, was not prosecuted in very strict accordance with democratic forms of refer-



**Our Policy Toward Employees**

To the capable and loyal men and women in our employ we aim to pay good wages and offer permanent employment, reasonable working hours, fair treatment and an opportunity for advancement.

We endeavor to advance our employees who have proved their worth to higher positions as they are prepared for them.

We aim to pay such salaries to our officials as will not only attract and hold capable men but which will encourage the younger people in the organization to work faithfully with these positions as their goal.

With hardly an exception, the officers and heads of departments of this Company have all advanced from the ranks.

**Home Dress-making**

Home-lovers who wish to become efficient as home dressmakers will find such help as our patterns and dress accessories such as to make their efforts productive of satisfaction. At this store you may find out "how to make it" and also "how much it will cost."



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**The Orr & Orr Co.**  
 WAYNE

**Our Feature This Week**  
 The Latest in Coats and Suits

If you are looking seriously for worth-while values in the best of styles for this season you cannot pass by this showing of Coats and Suits.

HERE ARE COATS FROM \$16.00 to \$65.00  
 AND SUITS FROM \$22.50 to \$45.00

You will find them the same styles that are being worn in any large city where good styles and good values must be offered.

**Style Features in the new Coats and Suits**

Plaats — Yokes — Belts — Patch Pockets — Convertable Collars  
 Straight Line Effects

All garments are tailored with all the nicety and skill of the best of craftsmen. May we not have the pleasure of showing you our Coats and Suits

**Buy Comfort Material Now**

Indications point to further advances in the prices of all materials used in making comforts. To emphasize our idea of what our service to the trade should consist, we offer a large stock of all kinds of comfort materials at prices based on the lower costs of several months ago.



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**Special Sale of Fancy Hose**

Our entire stock of Fancy Hose will be on sale SATURDAY at very low price.

50c values ..... 39c  
 \$1.00 values ..... 79c  
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**Are You Knitting**

At this store you will find the best of everything used in knitting whether for the Red Cross or something for yourself. Our yarns are all fast colors and the best grade obtainable. If you will come in we will be glad to help you in making your selections.

**Dress Gingham**

It is just the time to provide comfortable, washable, serviceable dresses for school wear. Our stock of gingham are priced very reasonable. Mothers will welcome this opportunity to select dress patterns for the girls or for themselves.

ence to democratic guaranties. It is not, however, with the higher ideals for which we are now at war that this discussion is especially concerned, except as they may be involved in the necessity for defending ourselves against an invading foe. Back of those ideals are the plain workaday facts to which the President referred as the moving cause of our going into the war, when he advised congress that "the recent course of the Imperial German government" had been "in fact nothing less than war against the government and the people of the United States."

On those facts, the congress of the United States, the only authority known to our fundamental law for such action, and thru the only process that would have been binding upon our government, accepted the war-challenge of the German Kaiser. No referendum could have had any legal force. Nor would it have had any probable advisory value. It would only have offered another opportunity for Prussian diplomacy. The obligation was upon congress; the only power to decide was in congress; the only available reflection of public opinion short of revolution was thru congress. And congress accepted this challenge of war. It did so in no private interest but in the public interest. It did so because the German government was making actual war upon the government and people of the United States.

The challenge was not accepted while it remained a "scrap of paper." But when this challenge of war was vitalized by deeds of war, when in accordance with its terms of defiance American ships were sunk and American lives were taken under the American flag by the government of Germany within an ocean area over which the rights of this country are as indefeasible as its rights to its own territory, but over which the German government had invasively assumed exclusive sovereignty, then congress accepted the challenge of war. It could not have done less. There was no possible alternative. This self-constituted enemy of ours, after long fostering a policy of conquest, had actually invaded Belgium and France pursuant to that policy, he had proved his invasive intent. By his actual invasion he had transmuted his invasive intent into invasive action. By his diplomatic negotiations with Mexico and his operations within the United States, he had disclosed his invasive intent toward the United States itself as one of the objectives of his general policy. By throwing his invasive battle line out upon the ocean to the 20th meridian in the direction of the United States with a threat to the United States, he confirmed his hostile intent toward this country. His destruction of American ships and American lives under the American flag within that ocean area was the overt act of his aggressive war upon the United States. For us to have ignored the manifest intent after it had been vitalized by the

overt act, would have been to surrender our discretion. So the war with the autocratic German government, if it involved no ideals at all of the loftier and less selfless type, would nevertheless be justified as a necessary war of national self-defense.

We are resisting invasion as truly as if our call to arms had been to check a hostile army marching northward thru Mexico or southward from Quebec. And in sending soldiers to France to help the French, the British and the Belgians drive the invader away from their home countries and into his, we are defending our own home country with the same necessity as if we were advancing into Canada or Mexico to meet an approaching army of conquest. While the German Kaiser is in France or Belgium, he is a menace to the United States; now that he has demonstrated his hostile intent toward this country; and no peace can be made with safety to our independence until he has left the places he has invaded and gone back to his own frontiers.

It might possibly have been better to assent to his conquering the world, nation by nation, than to enter into the awful carnage which resistance to his foul ambitions demands; but that is not the vital question. We were not confronted with a problem of war or no war. Our problem was one of resisting conquest now, in a war in Europe and with allies, or later on in our own country and with out allies.

(The end)

**TO THE BOY DRAFTED**

Boy, don't be afraid of the draft. If your country did not need you to fight in its defense it would never honor your name with placing it in the list of men whom it expects to do their patriotic duty. There is only one way you can honorably escape the draft and that is by being legally and actually exempt or physically unfit. If you are physically unfit the slightest stain of dishonor can never smirch your name. If you are legally and actually exempt you will be as honored as the men who go, for your country is keeping you to do the useful things you can do and thereby assist in winning the war fully as much as the man who goes to the front or into the trenches—and possibly more for without your help at home he could not be kept alive in a foreign country long enough to get into the battle. Remember that a lifetime of disgrace awaits the boy who shuns the draft, who whines because he has been selected, who rails at the government that asks him to be a man, and, if necessary, lay down his life in defense of his flag and his country. Better a thousand times die like a man than live like a coward. You have to die sometime, anyway, so it is better to die for your country than to live in some other fellow's country, and that is just what you will be doing after this war unless the Uni-

ted States is victorious. The brand of cowardice will never be effaced in life from the boy who is not willing to go into the new army in this war. Even his grave will not cover his disgrace as long as this and the coming generation shall live. Be a true man, be a brave man, thank God for your citizenship in this great republic, fight for it and die for it, if need be, and you will die with honor to yourself and to your parents, while if you live thru it you will come back with honor and your country will never cease to be grateful to you and the other heroes who faced death that freedom might live. We are fighting this great war to the last dollar, to the last drop of blood, if it shall take that sacrifice, rather than submit to a foreign enemy in the human slavery he would put upon us. Go, and may God bless you and care for you and bring you back home to those who love you, a man—one who has faced death for his country—and in your ears will ring the huzzahs of a grateful people, while away from the light of day, out of the sound of the hisses of hate for his very presence, the coward who escaped the draft will sneak and sulk like a hunted animal, despised by all and pitied by none.—Manson (Iowa) Democrat.

**BORROWED IDEAS**

The polite way to quote without dashes an expression often heard is to say "This is War."

There is no longer use for the term German-American—make it AMERICAN or call it alien.

The fellow who bought his coal early to avoid the upward rush of prices and thus aided the coal combine to make hay while the sun was shining for them, may now begin to figure how much it cost him extra. The "iron hand of government" has been laid on the coal manipulator.

Pay your subscription today.

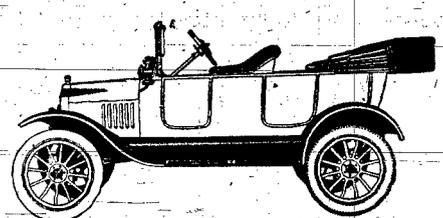
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 Dentist

24 Years in Wayne

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 THE UNIVERSAL CAR

The Ford car was designed to serve the multitude and it is daily meeting the requirements of business and pleasure for owners in all parts of the world. As valuable for big business and professions as for the farmer and small merchant. Simplicity and ease of operation make it the ideal car for the family. Ford cars have become a general necessity. Runabout \$345, Touring car \$360, Sedan \$645, Coupelet \$505, Town Car \$595—all f. o. b. Detroit. On display and for sale by

WAYNE MOTOR COMPANY



SHOLES SAYINGS

E. R. Williams of Randolph was a Sholes visitor Tuesday. C. C. Mace of Omaha transacted business here Thursday. W. H. Hoppy of Bloomfield transacted business here Tuesday. Glade McFadden and Chris Hansen autoed to Randolph Wednesday. W. H. Root autoed to Sioux City Sunday. He returned Monday afternoon. Dan Martin of Carroll was shaking hands with friends here Tuesday morning. One thing we have neglected to mention is the fine new flag at the school house. G. D. Burnham and Willis of Randolph were looking after business interests here Tuesday. A. G. Carlson has purchased a Pull-Ford tractor which he will use on his farm, south of town. Chris Hansen and family autoed to Winside Thursday to attend the Old Settler's picnic at that place. A. E. McDowell, autoed to Winnetoon Thursday. Mrs. McDowell and Irwin who have been visiting relatives there accompanied them home. Art Grant from near Randolph was down to see his father Thursday evening. Art was examined for draft and passed the examination successfully. J. L. Davis and wife have moved into their new home. Mr. Davis made some improvements in the house before moving; two large windows were put in and a basement made, and a furnace installed. B. Stevenson and Emeline of Council Bluffs transacted business here Saturday. They left Sunday for Sioux City, Emeline returning home and Mr. Stevenson with a party of prospective buyers went to St. Paul to look at the J. J. Hill estate which is being sold there.

FLAG UNION NEWS

Hazen Adams of Wayne has been filing for M. D. Coleman. Rev. H. B. Weaver is spending the week in Omaha at conference. Three friends from Sioux City visited at Carl Messon's over Saturday night. Henry Harmon and family spent Sunday at Mr. Grandjean's near Belden. Miss Edna Larson of Laurel visited from Wednesday until Sunday of last week with Laura Lyons. Miss Mabel Johnson and Fred Beckman were Crystal Lake visitors with Wayne friends Sunday. L. D. Bruggeman has been remodeling his house and repairing all of his buildings, in very great improvement. Misses Alta Weeces and Gladys Crete of Arcadia, Iowa, came a week ago to visit with L. D. Bruggeman and Albert Hogelins. H. C. Lyons has returned from a two weeks stay in Hot Springs, South Dakota, with his son-in-law, G. W. Wingett, leaving him improving. Mrs. J. L. Kelly and son Elan of Wayne and Mrs. Geo. Griffith of Council Bluffs, Iowa, spent Wednesday afternoon of last week with H. C. Lyons. Mr. and Mrs. John Glasburner and daughter, Miss Ruth of Woodbine, Iowa, spent Monday night with the H. C. Lyons family. They were former Crawford county Iowa neighbors. E. H. Summers and family of Norfolk, G. W. Wingett and family of Winside, W. McBride of Carroll, Elmer Lyons, Guy Fippitt and Irwin Lyons of Winside, and Harry Lyons of Carroll spent Sunday at the H. C. Lyons home.

COUNCIL MEETING

The city council of the city of Wayne met at the council room in regular meeting, all members present. The minutes of the regular meeting of August 14th were read and approved. The following claims were examined and on motion allowed and warrants drawn. General fund Puffett & Strickland (fire dep.) \$ 4.05 Robt. H. Jones, surveying 28.00 Wm. Goldsmith, surveying 10.65 Walter Miller salary 75.00 W. B. Sherbahn, labor 96.00 G. L. Miner, salary 95.00 Neptune Meter Co. 1124.00 Neptune Meter Co. repairs 54 J. M. Cherry, express, etc. 1.42 Light fund F. S. Martin & Co., 4 cars coal 859.56 Freight 4 cars 281.39 Gasoline Supply Co., oil 6.30 H. Mueller Mfg. Co., repairs 81 Harry Masten, unload car coal 20.30 G. H. Thompson, unload car coal 45.00 Frank Powers, car coal 23.57 Garlock Packing Co. 4.96 Gust Newman, salary 75.00 Ed Murrill, salary 100.00 John Harmel, salary 75.00 Dick Carpenter, labor 62.50 C. L. Puffett, salary 80

RESIDENCE FOR SALE

An eight-room house, good lot, three blocks west of State bank. Priced right and reasonable terms. Ask the Democrat office.—adv. 32-4.

WITH THE WAYNE CHURCHES

Baptist Church (Rev. Fletcher J. Jordan, Pastor) Next Sunday morning the ordinance of the Lord's Supper will be observed. This is the fellowship meeting of the church. A kindly invitation is extended to each member to be present. If there is anyone who has not yet received the right hand of fellowship please be present at that time. At 10:30 the pastor will give a short communion meditation and that is followed by the Lord's Supper. In the evening at 8:00—the usual preaching service. At 11:30 the Sunday school meets. The attendance took another rise last Sunday. Let's turn over a new leaf before the new year begins and be present next Sunday. The B. Y. P. U. holds its devotional service at 7:00. The subject of the meeting is: "My Favorite Hymn, Tell Why." Ps 33:1-22. The leader is Miss Louie Sprague. This surely will be a very interesting meeting as it deals with a theme which is very near to our hearts. Don't forget the choir practice. Thursday evening at 8:00 o'clock. The work of the choir is rendering acceptable service under the efficient leadership of Prof. Davies. The stranger and those people without a church home are cordially asked to come and worship with our church.

St. Paul's English Lutheran Church

(Rev. J. H. Fetterolf, Pastor) Sunday school meets promptly at 10 a. m. Vacation time is over and the opening of the schools will bring back to town a good many of our scholars who have been out in the country. We would like to see all the scholars back in their places next Sunday. Preaching services at 11 a. m. and 8 p. m. Please take notice that all the evening services will be resumed next Sunday. The Luther League will meet at 7:15 p. m. The subject is "Protestantism and Industrial Progress." Matt. 20: 1-16. Study the topic and come prepared to take part in the meeting. The meeting will be led by the president, Miss Assenheimer. The Ladies Aid will meet Thursday September 6th with Miss Rose Assenheimer. Miss J. H. Wunderlich, one of the returned missionaries to India will be here on Tuesday September 4th. In the afternoon she will meet with the ladies in their regular monthly meeting. At 8 p. m. she will speak in the church showing the work being done for the Hindu. All friends of missions are invited and the church membership is urged to be present especially in the evening. We need fuel for our missionary fires and no one can give that so well as one fresh from the mission field. The ladies have selected December 15th as the date for their annual bazaar and food sale.

German Lutheran Church

(Rev. Rudolph Moehring, Pastor) There will be no services next Sunday, September 2, as the pastor will preach at Wisner. On September 9th, there will be the regular services as usual.

Methodist Church

(Rev. A. S. Buell, Pastor) The home-like church welcomes you. The joint meeting of the Women's Foreign Missionary society with the Junior societies followed by an ice cream social at the church last Friday evening was a pleasing and profitable occasion. Mrs. A. M. Helt was leader for the evening and presided during the program. Mrs. C. A. Grothe is president of the Women's society and Mrs. Wm. Beckenhauer is superintendent of the children's societies. Besides the regular missionary program, Mrs. Beckenhauer gave a most excellent paper on missions and missionary workers, as she had met them and had heard their messages at the Nebraska Epworth Assembly. She told especially of Miss Ethel Whiting, returned missionary from India. Miss Whiting was converted under the ministry of Rev. Buell. Our little Light Bearers and Kings Heralds each sang at the program. We are all proud of our juniors. The pastor and his committees are busy this week closing up the conference year. The sermon theme next Sunday morning will be a specially prepared message on Christian Stewardship. Services next Sunday will be Sunday school at 10, preaching at 11 a. m. and 8 p. m. Bible study every Wednesday evening. We shall be pleased to have you worship with us.

SOCIAL NOTES

The L. L. W. club will meet with Mrs. W. C. Martin tomorrow (Friday) The ladies are taking up the subject of knitting. Light refreshments will be served. The W. C. T. U. will hold the first meeting of the year on Friday, September 7 at the home of Mrs. Chas. McConnell. All members are urged to be present. A party of young people from Lyons, all students of the state university, and members of the Alpha Phi society, drove over Sunday and had a picnic dinner at the Country Club. Miss Alma Craven of Wayne was a guest of the party. This afternoon at the city park the children of the English Lutheran church are enjoying a picnic. An elaborate dinner, prepared by the mothers, will help to make the occasion more enjoyable. They have a large membership and interest has kept up splendidly during the hot summer weather. On Saturday evening, September 1, the Junior Bible Circle will meet with the McClenen sisters. The study of the book of Romans will be taken up. The young ladies are very much interested in their work and the summer meetings have been very profitable to them. Last Saturday they met at the J. D. Fox home. The next meeting of the Central Social Circle will be with Mrs. John Greer, Thursday, September 13. The ladies are planning a very nice program and all the members are requested to be present. On Tuesday of this week the ladies gave an ice cream social at the home of Mrs. Gus Wendt for the benefit of the Red Cross. They realized about \$30.00. A lawn party was given in connection and everyone had a splendid time. The lawn was lighted with Japanese lanterns and the tables were decorated with garden flowers. The Pleasant Valley club meets this week Thursday with Miss Jesse Wallace. The subject of canning will be taken up and a demonstration will be given. The ladies are interested in reducing the h. c. of 1.

THE CRADLE

FORNEY—Friday, August 17, 1917, to Claud Forney and wife, a daughter. HARDER—Saturday, August 18, 1917, to Wm. Harder and wife, a son. CHRISTENSEN—Saturday, August 25, 1917, to J. A. Christensen and wife a daughter. LEIBENGOOD—Saturday, August 25, 1917, to Wm. C. Leibengood and wife, a son. McEACHEN—Monday, August 27, 1917, to George McEachen and wife, a son. MILDNER—Saturday, August 25, 1917, to Paul Mildner and wife, a son. Mrs. M. is at the Lutheran hospital at Sioux City. Will This Come True in 1952? Jack Lait the well known writer, says it will. He tells what he thinks will happen in the thirty-five years, and he also tells how it feels to be thirty-five. He says: "There will not be a king, emperor, czar or kaiser in Europe. "Ireland will be an independent republic; so will Poland. "Liquor will be taboo the world over—barred at its source. "Women will have full suffrage everywhere. "Socialism will not have displaced republican government. "There will be an aerial route across the Atlantic and the Pacific oceans, with stations or controls at intervals. "There will be telephone connections with and without wireless across both oceans. "All principal cities will have double-decked streets, the lower strata for traffic by vehicles exclusively. "Emigration from one country to another will be rare. "Firearms of all kinds will be obsolete, forbidden everywhere. "Huge artificial lights will make the world as bright at night as by day. "Physicians, lawyers, dentists, will be public officials and will not work for individual fees. "Love will guide matrimonial selection, but the government will refuse to license the unfit, the mismatched, the immature, the senseless, the damaged. "New York City will have 10,000,000 inhabitants and its own legislature; Chicago will have 7,000,000 and its own legislature."—Ex.

Mrs. Welland Surprised

Sunday, August 26, was Mrs. Wm. Welland's sixty-ninth birthday and a number of friends and neighbors gathered to surprise her and help celebrate the event. A very pleasant time is reported. Those present were: Mr. and Mrs. A. H. Brinkman and children; Mr. and Mrs. W. L. Welland and daughter, Helen; Mr. and Mrs. Carl Mau; Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Mau; Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Kugler and daughters, Rose and Emeline; Mrs. B. J. Meyer and Mr. and Mrs. Henry Koch. The Union Bible Circle had a most interesting session at the home of Mrs. I. E. Ellis Tuesday evening. Mrs. J. E. Lane, who is visiting her daughter, Mrs. LeRoy Ley, was a welcome guest of the circle. After the lesson study the ladies voted to furnish free of cost small well printed New Testaments for the comfort kits now being made for the soldiers. These little books will be at the Red Cross rooms after August 29th and anyone making a kit should secure one for 'somebody's boy.' The next meeting will be at Mrs. H. R. Ferrels. These evening vacation meetings are proving to be a great success and others should attend. All most welcome.

THE POSSIBILITIES OF WAYNE GARDEN LOTS

Last spring there was a lot of talk about growing food, and considerable action. Now there is evidence of good work. Never before, we believe have Wayne gardens produced more bountifully. Just now tomatoes appear to be plentiful, and one daily sees fine ones being carried from garden to kitchen where the process of canning is going on. Beans are in many gardens. Along the railroad right of way we saw a half mile of beans and potatoes the other day where weeds or grass only grew before. Last spring John Morgan planted a vacant lot to potatoes, 50x142 feet was the size of the patch, and now they are harvested, and the result is 48 bushels of choice spuds. That looks good, and we hope that others will report what they have accomplished; remembering that the fellow who tells his story first does not have the best show.

White Palm Beach suits

cleaned and pressed for \$1.00 per suit at Wayne Cleaning and Dye Works.—adv.

SOCIAL NOTES

Twenty-two Omaha city firemen have entered military service or are in the selective draft lists. Dr. C. C. Lillbridge of Western has enlisted in the dental reserve corps. He will be a first lieutenant. E. W. Maxwell of Hebron won the special event for professionals at the national shooting tournament in Chicago. The Lincoln Western league baseball team has dropped Pitcher Joe Berger and Third Baseman Bert Lamb. State officials find thousands of acres of wheat uncultured for lack of harvest hands in Deuel and Cheyenne counties. L. H. Warner and A. E. Holt, Spanish war veterans, are attempting to organize a company of home guards at Geneva. A home guard has been organized at Fremont. N. H. Mapes is captain and Glenn Wintersteen and R. P. Turner are lieutenants. Dawes county's second annual barbecue was held on Ash Creek, at the Hoevet ranch. The whole county was represented. Two oxen were roasted. Three women, enlisted in Uncle Sam's "new navy," are now on duty at the recruiting station at Omaha, releasing three men for active duty on shipboard. George Hurn of Beatrice was arrested for having a quantity of liquor in his possession upon his return from St. Joseph, Mo. He was fined \$100 and costs by Judge Ellis. While the Otto Allison family, living on a farm east of Rosalie, were at a dance, chicken thieves raided the coops and carried away 175 of the 200 chickens owned by Allison. Because Smith C. Wilson's pharmacy refused him a glass of coca cola David Nichols, a Lincoln negro, is suing for \$5,000. He said the clerk told him they didn't serve "colored folks." Chancellor Avery of the University of Nebraska has suggested to the state council of defense that a committee examine the German libraries now being circulated in the state. Farmers in the vicinity of Western are hesitating about sowing fall wheat on account of the price of the seed. Five dollars a bushel is being asked by those who have a store of wheat. Sheriff Hill arrested Clint Curley of Harrison for bringing intoxicating liquors into the state from Van Tassel, Wyo., just over the state line. Curley was fined \$100 and costs, which he paid. Nels Yukhsen, near Hooper, a farmhand who had been drafted for service in the army, killed himself by shooting. He was twenty-six years of age and had been despondent for some time. Mr. and Mrs. Bert Wyant of Nelson were injured when their car missed the approach of a bridge and fell twenty feet into a creek. The occupants managed to get out of the car with only minor injuries.

Active Sheep Market

There were close to 18,000 fresh sheep and lambs here today, but with an active demand from both packers and feeder buyers the trade was lively and prices steady to fully a quarter higher than Monday. Best of the fat lambs brought \$16.90, and best feeder lambs sold at \$17.25, equaling the season's best figure. Quotations on sheep and lambs: Lambs, fair to choice, \$16.25@16.90; lambs, culls, \$13.00@15.50; lambs, feeders, \$16.25@17.25; yearlings, fair to choice, \$10.50@12.00; yearlings, feeders, \$11.00@12.50; wethers, fair to choice, \$10.50@11.50; ewes, fair to choice, \$9.50@10.50; ewes, culls and feeders, \$5.00@9.00; ewes, breeders, all ages, \$9.00@16.00.

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LIVESTOCK PRICES AT SOUTH OMAHA

Both Corn Fed and Range Beaves Fully 15-25c Higher HOGS SHOW 15-25c ADVANCE Receipts of Sheep and Lambs Continue Liberal and Demand Holds Up Well From Packers and Feeder Buyers. Fat Lambs Bring \$18.50 and Feeders Command \$17.25, the Season's High Figure. Union Stock Yards, South Omaha, Neb., August 20, 1917.—Cattle receipts were liberal for Tuesday, about 8,000 head, and included practically no corn-fed stock. Demand from packers and shippers was keen and beef steers sold 15@25c higher than Monday all around. Cows and heifers also sold fully a quarter higher and values were generally half a dollar higher than a week ago. Inquiry for stock cattle and feeding steers was better than recently and prices about 25c higher than last week. Quotations on cattle—Good to choice beaves, \$18.50@15.55; fair to good beaves, \$12.25@13.25; common to fair beaves, \$9.00@12.00; good to choice yearlings, \$11.75@13.75; fair to good yearlings, \$11.50@12.50; common to fair yearlings, \$9.00@11.00; prime heavy grass beaves, \$12.50@13.50; good to choice grass beaves, \$10.25@12.50; fair to good grass steers, \$9.00@10.00; common to fair grass steers, \$7.50@8.75; good to choice heifers, \$7.50@9.00; good to choice cows, \$7.25@8.25; fair to good cows, \$6.50@7.00; canners and cutters, \$5.00@6.50; veal calves, \$8.00@12.00; beef bulls, \$8.75@9.00; bologna bulls, \$5.50@6.50; prime feeding steers, \$8.50@10.80; good to choice feeders, \$8.00@9.00; fair to good feeders, \$8.75@7.75; good to choice stockers, \$7.50@8.50; fair to good stockers, \$6.50@7.25; common to fair grade, \$5.50@6.50; stock heifers, \$6.50@8.00; stock cows, \$6.00@7.50; stock calves, \$6.00@9.00. Hogs 10@25c Higher. Another very moderate run of hogs showed up, about 2,700 head, and all classes of buyers took hold freely at prices that were from 10@25c higher than Monday. Tops brought \$17.50 and the bulk of the trading was around \$16.25@17.00, or just about \$1.75 lower than a week ago today. Active Sheep Market. There were close to 18,000 fresh sheep and lambs here today, but with an active demand from both packers and feeder buyers the trade was lively and prices steady to fully a quarter higher than Monday. Best of the fat lambs brought \$16.90, and best feeder lambs sold at \$17.25, equaling the season's best figure. Quotations on sheep and lambs: Lambs, fair to choice, \$16.25@16.90; lambs, culls, \$13.00@15.50; lambs, feeders, \$16.25@17.25; yearlings, fair to choice, \$10.50@12.00; yearlings, feeders, \$11.00@12.50; wethers, fair to choice, \$10.50@11.50; ewes, fair to choice, \$9.50@10.50; ewes, culls and feeders, \$5.00@9.00; ewes, breeders, all ages, \$9.00@16.00. Charles Stark, twenty years old, was instantly killed near Greele, Colo., when his motor car turned turtle. His neck was broken. The car was being driven at a high rate of speed when the accident happened. Negro women are being employed as engine wipers at the Burlington round house in Allison. Seven negro women have been put to work as engine wipers and fifteen more are to be put on soon, is the report. Leslie M. Hazle was instantly killed and Earl Kratz severely bruised in an automobile accident about one mile west of Sidney. They ran the car into a team of horses, so badly injuring one horse that he was shot. Carl E. Bessey, son of the late Dr. Charles E. Bessey, son of the late Dr. Charles E. Bessey of the University of Nebraska, has been appointed first lieutenant of engineers in active service and ordered to Rockford, Ill. After the driver of a heavy truck had allowed thousands of nails to be scattered for a distance of nearly a mile down one of the paved streets of Hastings, Chief of Police St. John compelled him to pick up every nail. E. B. Slosson, widely known railroad man and for years general passenger agent at Lincoln for the Union Pacific road, died at Lincoln. Mr. Slosson was sixty-six years of age. Acute Bright's disease was the cause of his death. Herbert Bayes, twenty years old, son of Mr. and Mrs. John Bayes of Ravenna, was instantly killed when a board on which he was standing gave way and he fell ninety feet from the top of an elevator to the ground. His neck was broken. Work at the brick plant at Table Rock is progressing rapidly now, the new engine room and the new dry house are nearing completion, much of the machinery has been set and it will not be long now until the plant will be set in motion. Dr. Frank Borglum of Harrison, who was rejected by the United States government board on account of a slight defect in one eye, has appealed to the president for a review of his application into the medical corps. Dr. Borglum is so anxious to get into the service that he says if the president does not act favorably on his appeal he will apply for commission in either the French or British army.

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